# Life-to-Eagle Scout Procedures Guide

Colonial Virginia Council Boy Scouts of America





# LIFE-TO-EAGLE SCOUT PROCEDURES GUIDE COLONIAL VIRGINIA COUNCIL BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA

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# NOTE: READ THIS FOREWORD SECTION FIRST, THEN GO THROUGH THE REST OF THIS DOCUMENT AT YOUR OWN PACE.

### **FOREWORD**

This Guide is for Life Scouts who are working towards the Eagle rank and their parents/guardians and adult leaders. This Guide reflects changes from the 2021 *Guide to Advancement (GTA)* as well as the most recent Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook, Eagle Scout Rank Application and the *Guide to Safe Scouting*.

The ScoutsBSA motto is "Be Prepared." The purpose of this guide is not to cause additional work for Scouts on the trek to Eagle, but to give them a detailed process for guiding through all the work required for earning the top rank in Scouting. It is here to help Scouts, not hinder them, along the way.

Just as you should have done with your Scout Handbook, we recommend quickly skimming this entire Guide, paying special attention to the checklist at the front and the tips at the beginning of each section. Avoid trying to devour the whole document in one reading. The document is divided into small usable sections. As you get to a new stage in the Eagle Trail, read that section carefully. Just as the Eagle Rank isn't earned in a day, nor should this Guide be read once and then neglected.

Scouts, you are not alone in this process. The District Advancement and Recognition Committees (ARC) exist to advise and serve you and the adult Scouters in your respective Units. The Council, the Districts, their Units, and individuals do not have the authority to impose additional standards or requirements for any merit badge or rank. Rather, they ensure adherence to the requirements established by National level authorities. With the encouragement of the Council ARC the District ARCs are particularly attentive to advancement from Life to Eagle rank.

We strongly recommend that all Scouters involved in the Life-to-Eagle process become well-versed in this information and encourage every Eagle Scout candidate to use this publication upon attaining Life rank.

We work hard to keep this document useful for all Scouts and Scouters. We look forward to working with you as advancement policies and procedures evolve. Please contact us or your District ARC Chairperson with questions and/or comment



### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this document is to provide guidance to Life Scouts, parents/guardians, and Scouters on the policies and procedures relating to the Eagle rank and to address commonly asked questions and issues. This information supplements the BSA publications listed in the Reference Resources section. It is not intended to answer all questions. National BSA policies and procedures, as stated in national publications, have precedence over this document. In the event of conflicting information between revisions of national documents, the most current national publication will prevail.

The guide is primarily addressed to the Scout. As a result, when we say "you" or "yours," we are speaking to the Scout. Throughout this document, use of the title 'Scout' also refers to a member of a Venturing Crew or Sea Scout Ship. Likewise, 'Unit Leader' implies Troop Scoutmaster, Venturing Crew Advisor, or Sea Scout Skipper. There will be other areas of the document where we speak in the third person. In those instances, we largely are addressing adults.

This document addresses those areas in which the BSA policies allow Council discretion and presents procedures for carrying out BSA policy within the Colonial Virginia Council. An electronic version of this document is posted on the Council website at <a href="https://www.cvcboyscouts.org/">https://www.cvcboyscouts.org/</a> in the Eagle Resources section.

If you — an Eagle Scout candidate, parent, guardian, or Unit Leader — are unsure of a particular step or requirement, you should contact your District Advancement & Recognition Committee (ARC) Chairperson. A short phone call at the right time can save days or weeks of confusion for the Eagle Scout candidate, their parents/guardians, or their leaders.

From time to time, Districts and Council may conduct Life-to-Eagle Seminars/Conferences. All Life Scouts, parents/guardians of Life Scouts, and interested Scouters are strongly encouraged to attend one of these seminars/conferences. In addition to providing the most current information on the Eagle Scout Service Project and other Eagle Scout rank requirements, these seminars/conferences provide the opportunity to address recent issues and answer questions. If an Eagle Scout candidate's home District does not offer a Life-to-Eagle Seminar/Conference, or if it is more convenient, the Scout may attend a seminar/conference in a neighboring District.

If you have any suggestions on how to improve this Guide, please contact your District Advancement and Recognition Committee (ARC) Chairperson who will in turn pass your suggestions to the Council ARC. The Committee meets on a regular basis and will review this Guide periodically, making revisions as necessary, and publishing it electronically.



### TRAIL TO EAGLE CHECKLIST

You may find the following checklist useful as you proceed along your trail to Eagle. Please note that while the general flow of this checklist is intended to be sequential, not all of the items listed must be completed before the next one in the list.

	Task	Date Completed
	Complete your Life Board of Review.	_
	Make sure you are registered in each unit (Scouts BSA Troop, Venture Crew, Sea Scout Ship) that you participate in.	
	<b>Requirement 1</b> Be active in your unit for at least six months as a Life Scout. See <i>GTA</i> 4.2.3.1	
	Requirement 2 Demonstrate Scout spirit by living the Scout Oath and Law.	
	<b>Requirement 3.</b> – Complete 21 merit badges. Complete the 14 required badges and 7 elective badges.	
0	Requirement 4 Serve actively in your troop for six months in one or more of the approved positions of responsibility (see ESRA) and fulfill your unit's reasonable expectations. Detailed on pages 15 and 16.	
	<b>Requirement 5</b> While a Life Scout, plan, develop, and give leadership to others in a service project helpful to any religious institution, any school, or your community.	
0	Start talking with others about a possible Eagle service project. Follow <i>Guide</i> to Safe Scouting requirements for youth protection. Make sure you have a parent or appropriate number of registered leaders with you when talking to adults and copy a parent or registered leader on all messages or texts.	
	Download the most recent edition of fillable/savable Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook.	
	Read the entire workbook. Make sure you understand it. If you have questions, now is the time to talk with your unit's adult leaders.	
	Fill in all the information on the "Contacts Page."	
	Begin keeping a log of the time that YOU and others invest in the project, starting with time spent exploring different project ideas.	
	Provide potential beneficiaries with a copy of the two pages entitled, "Navigating the Eagle Scout Service Project – Information for Project Beneficiaries" (last two pages – of the Eagle Scout Project Workbook).	
	Discuss the beneficiary representative's expectations with them. Do your best to clearly understand their expectations before starting work on your project proposal.	
0	Talk with your unit leaders about your idea. Incorporate their feedback into your thinking.	
	Fill in the Project Proposal portion of the workbook.	
	Show the draft Project Proposal to your beneficiary's representative.	



	Once you and the beneficiary's representative agree on the Project		
_	Proposal, ask the beneficiary's representative to sign it.		
	Discuss your project proposal with your unit leader and get his/her		
	signature on the Project Proposal.		
	Talk with your unit's Committee Chair and, when he/she understands and		
	agrees with your Project Proposal, get his/her signature.		
	Contact the Council Service Center to review your Project Proposal.		
	After explaining your project, discussing your approach to safety and fund		
	raising, and making any edits suggested by Council, obtain the		
	authorized representative's signature on your workbook. The Council		
	Representative's signature must be the last signature you obtain.		
	DO NOT START ACTUAL PROJECT WORK UNTIL YOU HAVE ALL		_
	FOUR SIGNATURES ON YOUR PROJECT PROPOSAL.		
	Complete the Project Plan portion of the Eagle Service Project		
_	workbook or engage in similar planning efforts that you document.		
	Permits and Permissions – This is a beneficiary responsibility but, as it		
	could involve the safety of you and your volunteers, double-check with		
	the beneficiary and Eagle Scout Service Project Coach/Advisor to make		
	sure they have any needed permits and permissions.		
	Recruiting - Recruit people to help you.		
	Giving leadership – Make sure the work processes are organized in a		
	way that you can demonstrate your ability to give leadership on the		
	project.		
	Fund Raising – If you need to raise money to do your project, see the		
	"Fund Raising Application" section.		
	Conduct the Project – This is where your plan comes together – actually		
	doing the work.		
	Complete the Project Report – Fill out the project report as soon as you		
	can while the experience is fresh in your mind.		
	Beneficiary Representative Signature – Get the beneficiary's		
	representative to sign your project report, signifying he/she accepts your		
	completion of the project.		
	Unit Leader Signature – Get your unit leader to sign your project report,		
	signifying they accept your completion of the project.		
	Requirement 6. Unit Leader Conference – Participate in a conference		
	with your unit leader.		
	UR 18 <sup>TH</sup> BIRTHDAY – Everything to this point HAS to be done before mid		
of y	your 18 <sup>th</sup> birthday. From this point on, the work can be done after you tu	rn 18.	
	Download the current official copy of the Eagle Scout Rank		
	Application (ESRA) from Scoutbook or the national web site to your		
	computer. The version generated in the candidate's Scoutbook account	$\wedge$	

	(reports section) will be pre-filled with as much information as Scoutbook	
	contains and uses the current version. This can reduce manual data	
	entry and help avoid common errors. Note: Do not fill the application out	
	in the Web browser. Save a copy to your machine, work from that copy,	
	and keep a backup.	
	Complete the remaining information Scoutbook did not auto-populate,	
_	such as your references and your Cub scouting history.	
	Make sure you cross-out unearned options from those required badges	
	where 2 or 3 options are available, and list elective merit badges, earliest-	
	earned first.	
	Write a Statement of Ambitions and Life Purpose and a listing of	
	honors and awards.	
	References – Provide contact information for your references to your	
	unit. Make sure you have asked the individuals to be your references,	
	and they are comfortable with giving you a reference.	
	Sign Your ESRA – Once all your requirements have been met, sign and	
	date your ESRA.	
_	Unit Leader Signature – Present the ESRA and Statement of Ambitions	
	and Life Purpose to your unit leader and ask your him/her leader to sign	
	the ESRA.	
	Unit Committee Signature – Present the ESRA and Statement of	
	Ambitions and Life Purpose to your unit committee chair to sign your	
	ESRA.	
	<b>Verification Initiation</b> – You and your unit leadership will work together	
_	to provide District and Council with your ESRA to verify and sign. The	
	authorized Council Representative, after signing your ESRA, will provide	
	the appropriate District or Unit volunteers authorization to schedule your	
	Eagle Board of Review.	
	Eagle Board of Review - Attend your Board of Review at the date/time	
	scheduled.	
	<b>Board Decision</b> - If the Board of Review results in a recommendation for	
	Eagle Scout, you become an Eagle Scout when the BSA National office approves your application. Your date of rank is the date of your	
	Board of Review. You can begin Court of Honor planning. If the Board's	
	decision is negative, the Board has to give you a written explanation of its	
	decision. Consider filing an appeal ( <i>GTA</i> 8.0.4.0).	
	Court of Honor – Work with your unit to conduct an Eagle Court of Honor	
_	Ceremony to recognize your accomplishment.	



### THE JOURNEY FROM LIFE TO EAGLE

	KEY FOCU	JS ITEMS	
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	DISTRICT ADVANCEMENT CHAIR
<ul> <li>Start working on your         Eagle requirements early –         you'll be 18 sooner than         you think!</li> <li>Participate actively and         demonstrate Scout spirit.</li> <li>Attend a Life to Eagle         seminar.</li> <li>Complete Eagle-required         merit badges – recognize         some require tracking         activity over time.</li> <li>Understand and fulfill         position of responsibility         requirements. Ask your         unit leader for feedback.</li> <li>Start thinking about a         Service Project. Talk to         your Eagle Advisor, Unit         Leader and         parents/guardians about it.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Keep your eye on the clock; youth sense of time is untrained.</li> <li>Give the Scout space to grow and lead. Encourage participation.</li> <li>Ask whether feedback would be welcome and provide it if it is.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Attend Life to Eagle seminars and encourage attendance by others in the unit.</li> <li>Encourage Scout to grow and explore new interests.</li> <li>Recommend range of merit badges and instructors in addition to the required MBs. Only recommend registered, District-approved counselors with current YPT.</li> <li>Offer to identify an Eagle Advisor and/or Project Coach for the Scout.</li> <li>Explain clearly and in advance the requirements for position of responsibility and provide regular feedback.</li> <li>Monitor Scout's progress. Determine whether the Scout intends to earn Eagle Rank.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assign or conduct and participate in Life to Eagle seminars.</li> <li>Be available to answer questions from Scouts, parents/guardians and unit leaders.</li> </ul>

To advance to the rank of Eagle while a Life Scout, a candidate must complete all requirements with the exception of their board of review *before* their 18<sup>th</sup> birthday:

- 1. Active Participation
- 2. Scout Spirit
- 3. Merit Badges
- 4. Position of Responsibility
- 5. Eagle Scout Service Project
- 6. Unit Leader Conference.

(GTA 4.2.3.1 through 4.2.3.5 http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/33088.pdf)



**Requirement 1 - Active Participation**. Be active in your troop for at least six months as a Life Scout (that is, at least six months after the Life Board of Review date). A Scout will be considered "active" in their Unit if the Scout:

- Is registered
- Is in good standing
- Meets the Unit's reasonable expectations; or, if not, a lesser level of activity is explained.

Troops, Crews, or Ships may not create their own definition of active beyond what is delineated in the *Guide to Advancement*; this is a National standard. Units are free to establish expectations on uniforming, supplies for outings, payment of dues, parental involvement, etc., but these and any other standards outside a level of activity shall not be considered in evaluating this requirement. (*GTA 4.2.3.1*)

Requirement 2 - Demonstrate Scout Spirit. As a Life Scout, demonstrate Scout Spirit by living the Scout Oath and Scout Law. Tell how you have done your duty to God, how you have lived the Scout Oath and Scout Law in your everyday life, and how your understanding of the Scout Oath and Scout Law will guide your life in the future. Scout spirit applies to how a Scout lives and conducts their daily life. Scouts show Scout spirit by being role models to their peers, living by the Scout Oath and Law. The concept of Scout Spirit is not based on how many Scouting events or outings a Scout attends, but rather by how the Scout helps bring out the best in others as a reflection of their own character and attitude in their daily life. (GTA 4.2.3.2)

Requirement 3 - Merit Badges. Earn a total of 21 merit badges (10 more than required for the Life rank), including these 14 merit badges: (a) First Aid, (b) Citizenship in the Community, (c) Citizenship in the Nation, (d) Citizenship in Society (e) Citizenship in the World, (f) Communication, (g) Cooking, (h) Personal Fitness, (i) Emergency Preparedness OR Lifesaving, (j) Environmental Science OR Sustainability, (k) Personal Management, (l) Swimming OR Hiking OR Cycling, (m) Camping, and (n) Family Life and seven elective merit badges.

**Requirement 4 - Position(s) of Responsibility**. While a Life Scout, serve actively in your troop for six months in one or more of the following positions of responsibility:

**Scouts BSA troop.** Patrol Leader, Assistant Senior Patrol Leader, Senior Patrol Leader, Troop Guide, Order of the Arrow Troop Representative, Den Chief, Scribe, Librarian, Historian, Quartermaster, Junior Assistant Scoutmaster, Chaplain Aide, Instructor, Webmaster, Outdoor Ethics Guide.

**Venturing crew.** President, Vice President, Secretary, Historian, Den Chief, Treasurer, Guide, Quartermaster, Chaplain Aide, Outdoor Ethics Guide



**Sea Scout ship.** Boatswain, Boatswain's Mate, Purser, Yeoman, Storekeeper, Crew Leader, Media Specialist, Specialist, Den Chief, Chaplain Aide.

**Lone Scout.** Leadership responsibility in your school, religious organization, club, or elsewhere in your community.

Note: Assistant patrol leader and bugler are not approved positions of responsibility for the Eagle Scout rank. Also, a unit leader-approved leadership project can be used in lieu of serving in a position of responsibility only for Star and Life ranks, not for Eagle (GTA 4.2.3.4.1).

The key to fulfilling the requirement is **active service**. See *GTA* 4.2.3.4.1 through 4.2.3.4.6 for a detailed discussion of this requirement.

The highlights of this discussion include:

- Using only positions listed in the position of responsibility requirement shown in the most current version of Scouts BSA Requirements.
- Meeting the time requirement may involve multiple positions, but holding simultaneous positions does not shorten the required number of months.
- Establishing unit expectations for positions of responsibility. If there is any question
  about whether time in a leadership role has met these expectations, defer first to the
  presence of Unit Leader and Committee Chair signatures, which attest that all
  requirements were met to the unit's satisfaction. If signatures are missing or questions
  still remain, this should be addressed with the unit leader before the start of the BoR.
- Ultimately, a board of review shall decide what is reasonable and what is not, using common sense and taking into account balance in a youth's life.
- When situations occur where expectations for responsibilities are not met; communication is the key and credit for time served is the norm.

**Requirement 5 - Service Project**. While a Life Scout, plan, develop, and give leadership to others in a service project helpful to any religious institution, any school, or your community. (The project must benefit an organization other than the Boy Scouts of America.) A project proposal must be approved by the organization benefiting from the effort, your Unit Leader and Unit Committee, and the Council or District before you start. You must use the current *Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook*, BSA No. 512-927,

(http://www.scouting.org/Home/BoyScouts/AdvancementandAwards/EagleWorkbookPr ocedures.aspx) in meeting this requirement. (To learn more about the Eagle Scout service project, see *GTA* 9.0.2.0 through 9.0.2.16.)

<u>Requirement 6 - Unit Leader Conference</u>. While a Life Scout, participate in a unit leader conference.



### TIME REQUIREMENTS

	KEY FOCUS	ITEMS	
LIFE SCOUT PARENTS OR GUARDIANS UNIT LE		UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	DISTRICT ADVANCEMENT CHAIR
<ul> <li>Participate actively</li> <li>Develop a plan for getting everything done. Allow for family, religious, school, sports and other activities.</li> <li>Track your progress and adjust if needed.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Discuss time management.</li> <li>Give the Scout space.</li> <li>Intervene only if risk of failure is rising.</li> <li>Ask whether feedback is welcome and provide when it is.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dialogue with the Scout regularly. Ask how the Scout is doing against the plan.</li> <li>Ask whether feedback is welcome and provide when it is. Remind Scout you are available for help.</li> <li>Focus on Life Scouts who are running out of time.</li> </ul>	Guide unit leaders to Council Advancement & Recognition Committee for advice if a request for extension is needed.

All requirements for the Eagle Scout rank (except the board of review) must be completed prior to your 18th birthday. This includes the Eagle service project, 6 months in a position of responsibility, 21 merit badges and a unit leader conference. The formal deadline is midnight the night prior to your 18th birthday.

If you wait until the deadline, you leave yourself no room for error. A delay in your project, unfinished or partial merit badges, or mistakes in your rank requirements would be unfortunate because once you turn 18, by BSA rules, you cannot earn any further Scout requirements or be credited for finishing an incomplete project.

For these reasons, the Council Advancement & Recognition Committee strongly counsels all Scouts who are attempting to earn Eagle Scout rank to be very mindful of their remaining months of eligibility. They should plan and work accordingly.

Scouts who face exceptional circumstances beyond their control may apply for an extension of the time to earn Eagle (See Appendix F). All requests must be reviewed by Council. Requests take a significant amount of time to research, document, and process. Continue working on the project and other requirements while awaiting an extension decision.



### RECORD KEEPING

	KEY FOCUS ITEMS	
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR
<ul> <li>Keep your Scouts BSA Handbook up to date.</li> <li>Get Blue Cards signed and keep them safe – make a copy as soon as signed.</li> <li>Give your Handbook and Blue Cards to unit advancement coordinator to update unit records.</li> <li>Obtain a copy of your Scoutbook Records</li> <li>BSA History Report or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary Report for an individual Scout to Identify and resolve any issues.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recommend to their         Scout that they ask the         unit advancement         coordinator for Scout's         Scoutbook ScoutsBSA         History Report or Internet         Advancement 2.0 Unit         Advancement Summary         report for an individual         Scout. Check it and ask         for updates/corrections, if         needed.</li> <li>Provide guidance to the         Scout on how to maintain         their advancement         records.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ensure unit advancement coordinator regularly updates unit records.</li> <li>Regularly recognize Scout accomplishments, not just at COH.</li> <li>Remind Scouts to file their Blue Cards and other advancement awards as soon as they get them.</li> </ul>

Record keeping is a critical element in the advancement program. Units must ensure official advancement records (either via Scoutbook or Internet Advancement 2.0) are accurate for completing an advancement records review of an Eagle Scout Candidate. We recommend units do an audit of a Life Scout's advancement records before providing the Scout with a populated ESRA, ScoutsBSA History Report from Scoutbook or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for an individual Scout. Districts and the Council will only use the following, in order of preference (most authoritative to least authoritative), to resolve discrepancies leading to Eagle Scout Rank Application (ESRA) verification. **All discrepancies must be reconciled prior to submission of the ESRA.** If reconciliation is not possible, a detailed explanation must be sent with the ESRA to the Council Service Center and may be needed to accompany the ESRA to the Board of Review and back to Council after completion of the BoR.

For rank advancement (Caution: Items 3 and 4 are subject to transcription errors):

1. Rank Advancement date in the Scout's Scouts BSA Handbook, that was initialed and dated by Board of Review members;



- 2. A Scouts BSA History Report from Scoutbook or an Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for an Individual Scout showing the date of the Board of Review;
- 3. Paper copy of a Board of Review summary sheet, as generated by Scoutbook, Internet Advancement or a third-party software, that was signed by the Board of Review members; or transfer record from another Council;
- 4. Rank Advancement award card.

For merit badges (Caution: Items 3-5 are subject to transcription errors):

- 1. Troop's portion of the Application for Merit Badge, signed by the Unit Leader and merit badge counselor or the Summer Camp merit badge printout;
- 2. Applicant's portion of the Application for Merit Badge, signed by the Unit Leader and merit badge counselor;
- 3. Advancement Report, Scouts BSA History Report from Scoutbook or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for an individual Scout showing the date the merit badge counselor signed off on the merit badge application card;
- 4. Troop's Advancement Records from any third-party software or a transfer record;
- 5. Merit badge completion signed off by the Merit Badge Counselor or Unit Advancement Chair in the Scout's Scouts BSA Handbook.

A merit badge is earned on the date provided by the Merit Badge Counselor when the merit badge card is signed. Scouting ranks are earned on the date of the successful Board of Review, not the date of the Court of Honor.

For units that use Scoutbook to keep track of Scout advancement records, Scoutbook can auto-populate an ESRA with whatever advancement information is contained in the application for that Scout. This helps avoid many of the common errors that plague youth and units when it comes to getting an ESRA verified and obtaining authorization to schedule a Board of Review.



### SCOUTS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS AND DISABILITIES

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	DISTRICT ADVANCEMENT CHAIR AND/OR DISTRICT SPECIAL NEEDS COORDINATOR
There are two advancement areas that are available to assist you as a Special Needs Scout at the Life Rank:  Alternate Merit Badges  - If you cannot complete an Eagle-required Merit Badge, because of a permanent or long-term disability, you may substitute an alternate Merit Badge. Do as many Eagle-Required merit badges as possible and discuss alternate badges with your Scoutmaster.  Registration beyond the age of eligibility.  - If you cannot complete all the Eagle Rank requirements by age 18, you can request to continue being registered as a youth.	Look carefully at the advancement requirements through First Class rank and for the requirements for Eagle required merit badges.  - Continue working closely with the Scout and unit leaders on the Scout's Individual Scout Achievement Plan. Update, if needed.  - Talk with unit leaders about whether alternative merit badges might be appropriate. Work with unit leaders to complete the Application for Alternative Eagle Scout Rank Merit Badges.  - Discuss with Scout's physician and other medical professionals whether registration beyond the age of eligibility would benefit the Scout. Help the Scout complete the process if the Scout asks for it.	- Continue providing the Scout and parents/ guardians with guidance and support Work with the Scout and parents regarding progress on the Individual Scout Achievement Plan Help the Scout and parents apply, if needed, for alternative merit badges or registration beyond the age of eligibility.	- Be a resource for the Scout, parents/guardians and unit leaders.  - Help the Scout, parents/guardians and unit leaders understand the application for alternative merit badges and registration beyond the age of eligibility.  - Work with the Council Advancement & Recognition Committee to process any applications for either alternate advancement requirements or alternative merit badges.

The basic premise of Scouting for youth with disabilities is that every young person wants to participate fully and be treated and respected like every other member of the troop. Many Scouts with disabilities can accomplish the basic skills of Scouting but may require extra time to learn them. Working with these youth will require patience and understanding on the part of troop leaders and other Scouts. A clear and open understanding should exist between the troop leadership and the parents or guardians of the Scout with a disability. Both will be required to give extra effort, but the effort will be well worth it.

**Eagle Scout Requirements** - Members must meet current advancement requirements as written for merit badges, and the Eagle rank— no more and no less—and they are to do exactly what is stated. If it says, "Show or demonstrate," that is what they must do; just "telling" isn't enough. The same holds for words and phrases such as "make," "list," "in the field," "collect," "identify," and "label." Alternatives are not available for the Star, Life, and Eagle rank requirements. Scouts may request approval for alternative merit badges, but the other requirements for those three ranks must be fulfilled as written.

It is important to remember that the advancement program is meant to challenge our members; however, not all of them can achieve everything they might want to—with or without a disability. It is for this reason all Scouts are required to meet the requirements as they are written, with no exceptions. (*Guide To Advancement (GTA)* 10.2.2.0)

Alternative Merit Badges - By qualifying for alternative merit badges, a Scout, qualified Venturer, or Sea Scout who has a physical or mental disability may achieve Eagle Scout rank. (In order for a Venturer or Sea Scout to be an Eagle Scout candidate, the Scout must have achieved First Class rank as a Scout.) This does not apply to individual requirements for merit badges. Merit badges are awarded only when all requirements are met as stated.

A Scout is expected to do the best in developing himself/herself to the limit of their resources.

The physical or cognitive disability must be permanent or long-term (2 or more years beyond the age of 18), rather than of a temporary nature. (*GTA* 10.2.2.3)

A clear and concise medical statement concerning the Scout's disabilities must be made by a licensed health-care provider or an evaluation statement must be certified by an educational administrator.

A Scout who has earned at least First Class may apply for an alternative merit badge without waiting until all other Eagle-required merit badges are complete.

The Application for Alternative Eagle Scout Rank Merit Badges must be completed prior to qualifying for alternative merit badges. This application, No. 512-730, is available on the BSA website at www.scouting.org. (http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/512-730.pdf)

The District will propose alternative merit badges to Council which will approve the alternatives. The alternative merit badges proposed must demand as much effort as the required merit badges.

When alternatives chosen involve physical activity, the activities must be approved by the Scout's licensed health-care provider.



The application must be approved by the council committee responsible for advancement, utilizing the expertise of professional persons involved in Scouting for people with disabilities.

If a Scout is approved for alternative merit badges, the Scout must attach the approved Application for Alternative Eagle Scout Rank Merit Badges to the ESRA when providing to the Council Service Center for verification.

**Registration Beyond the Age of Eligibility** - Scouts with permanent disabilities may register beyond the age of eligibility, which for youth pursuing the Eagle rank, would be 18. A Scout may apply for registration beyond the age of eligibility at any time, even after reaching age 18. (*GTA* 10.1.0.0)

Note: Registration Beyond the Age of Eligibility is **not** referred to as an "extension." Extensions, which are not related to Special Needs, are covered in the *GTA*, Chapter 9 and attachment E of this Guide.

The application for registration beyond the age of eligibility can be found at *GTA* 11.4.0.0.



### THE EAGLE SCOUT SERVICE PROJECT WORKBOOK

	KEY FOCUS ITEMS	
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR
<ul> <li>Download the most current version of the workbook.</li> <li>Read the entire workbook with special focus on page five of the Workbook – "Message to Scouts and Parents or Guardians."</li> <li>Read and understand the "Five Tests of an Acceptable Eagle Scout Service Project" on Proposal Page A.</li> <li>Ask your Eagle Adviser and Unit Leader questions to clarify any concerns.</li> <li>Be neat and organized. Show that the project is important to you. Organization saves you time.</li> <li>Keep a back-up copy on something separate from your device (CD or flash drive) just in case.</li> <li>Protect your Project Proposal signature page. Make a copy and place it in a safe location</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Read page five on the Workbook on "Message to Scouts and Parents or Guardians." Ask questions to clarify any concerns.</li> <li>Be available to help if Scout ask for it. Remind the Scout to be neat and organized.</li> <li>Remind the Scout about making a back-up copy. Be prepared. Accidents happen</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Help the Scout find the current workbook file.</li> <li>Help the Scout with ideas on how to organize their materials.</li> <li>Encourage the Scout to enter information using a computer.</li> <li>Remind the Scout to protect their Project Proposal signature page as it demonstrates the time when the Scout can start work on their project.</li> <li>Encourage the Scout to print and discuss workbook sections in draft form.</li> </ul>

# Obtain a copy of the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook.

You can find the most recent version of the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook on the National web site at <a href="https://www.scouting.org/wp-">https://www.scouting.org/wp-</a>

content/uploads/2023/01/EagleProjectWorkbook2023a.pdf

# You and your parents or guardians should review the entire Workbook and focus on pages 2 thru 6. Four important points:

- Keep the entire project in mind by understanding how the Workbook is organized
   You make a project proposal, develop a plan, accomplish the project, and write a report on the project (page 3)
- o "In addition to providing service and fulfilling the part of the Scout Oath,



"To help other people at all times," one of the primary purposes of the Eagle Scout service project is to learn leadership skills, or to improve or demonstrate leadership skills you already have. Related to this are important lessons in project management and taking responsibility for a significant accomplishment." (page 4)

- "The Eagle Scout service project belongs to you (page 5)
- More information is available for you, your parents or guardian, and Scouters in the BSA Guide to Advancement (GTA) (page 6)

# Understand the importance of utilizing the entire Workbook, especially the Project Plan section.

When you begin your project (Eagle Scout requirement 5) you must use the most current Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook to meet this requirement. It is best to use the fillable/savable version of the Workbook that can be edited as the project proceeds. Once you have started, if a new version of the workbook is released, it is your choice whether to switch to the new version or continues with the previous version, regardless of where you are in the proposal, planning, or development process. (*GTA* 9.0.2.0 through 9.0.2.15). The downloadable workbook works with all major computing platforms.

**Tip:** Many Scouts have learned the hard way that it's always best to save the file to your hard drive and then opening it with Adobe Acrobat, rather than completing it in your browser. Most browsers inhibit much of the file's intended functionality. If you see the message, "To view the full contents of this document, you need a later version of the PDF viewer", you need to open it in <u>Adobe Reader</u> ☑. You may also see "Protected View" with an Enable All Features button. Click this so the workbook displays all the fields and functionality. Most .pdfs are readable in a preview app or web browser because they are not editable. For the Eagle app, you must download the file, then open within Adobe Acrobat.

The workbook is essential to the successful completion of your project and should be thoroughly reviewed - front to back - before you begin. We <u>recommend</u> that you put the printed pages of your Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook in a three-ring binder. You may consider making a working copy of the Workbook that can be used to take notes and show to all those involved with the initial planning stages and a second copy of the Workbook after you have completed your Project Report that you can bring to the Eagle Board of Review.

The workbook lists the four parts of the Eagle Scout Service Project:

- 1. Proposal
- 2. Project Plan



- 3. Fundraising Application
- 4. Project Report

The Workbook is supplemented with additional information to include drawings and plans, additional photographs, endorsement letters and other information related to the accomplishment of the project. These help your workers, and those reviewing the project, understand the what and how of your project.

Before beginning, you should review and understand the Workbook, starting with page 3 – "How to Use This Workbook." You are encouraged to bring a paper copy of the workbook to meetings so you can make notes on feedback you receive.

The execution phase of the project is supported by your project plan and assessed in the project report. Project success is much more likely if you fully complete the Workbook Project Plan section.



### **CONTACT INFORMATION**

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	PROJECT COACH
- Get complete contact information for the key people that will help you.	- Help the Scout if the Scout asks for it.	- Give the Scout a "cheat sheet" with contact information on unit Scouters.	- Provide your complete contact information to the unit or Scout, as appropriate.
- Be neat. Use the fillable/savable version whenever possible.		<ul> <li>Help the Scout find resources, especially if they are doing a project that requires special skill like carpentry, plumbing, etc.</li> <li>Encourage the Scout to fill in the workbook using a computer, if possible.</li> </ul>	

Complete the Contact Information page in the Workbook (Proposal Page B)
The unit leader should identify your Eagle Advisor within the Unit.
The Eagle Advisor should offer to assist you in finding an Eagle Project Coach (if you need or desire one) – a subject matter expert appointed by the District or Council who can assist you with planning and executing your project.
The unit leader or your Eagle Advisor connects you with the Project Approval  Representative(s) for your project proposal review.

The Contact Information page should be a "one-stop shop" for the contact information of all the adults involved in their project. You will be well served if you take the time to contact each person on this page and fill in the information before working on your project. The following are a few notes concerning some of the fields in this section.



- 1. BSA PID No. This is your Personal Identification Number assigned to you by the Council. You find it on your membership card, on your My Scouting website account profile, or on the Unit Roster.
- 2. Council Service Center Information:

a. Council Name: Colonial Virginia Council

b. Phone No: 757.595.3356

c. Physical Address: 11834 Canon Blvd. Suite L, Newport News, VA 23606

d. Mailing Address: PO Box 12144, Newport News, VA 23612

e. Web Site: <a href="https://www.cvcboyscouts.org/">https://www.cvcboyscouts.org/</a>

3. Project Beneficiary, Project Beneficiary Representative, and Eagle Advisor or Project Coach Information. You might not be able to fill in this information until you have selected your project.

For an Eagle Scout Service Project coach to be listed on the contact page, the Coach must meet the requirements of, and apply for, the position and be approved by the District Committee as a Project Coach (See <a href="Attachment A">Attachment A</a>, Supporting Life

Scouts Working on Eagle Projects). Units wishing to nominate someone as an Eagle Scout Service Project coach should complete the application

(<a href="http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/512-069.pdf">http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/512-069.pdf</a>) and submit it to the chair of the District Advancement and Recognition Committee (ARC).

You should receive guidance, even before project inception, from an experienced person in the Unit or District who is qualified to advise the candidate and has knowledge of the work to be performed. This person is known as the Eagle Advisor. (See <u>Attachment A</u>, <u>Supporting Life Scouts Working on Eagle Projects</u>)

You should obtain the remaining contact information for the Unit leader, Committee Chairperson, and Council Project Approval Representative. The Council Representative will have final approval authority for the service project proposal. (See <a href="Attachment B">Attachment B</a>, <a href="Guidance for the Project Approval Representative">Guidance for the Project Approval Representative</a>)



# TRACKING SERVICE PROJECT HOURS

	KEY FOCU	JS ITEMS	
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	PROJECT COACH
- Start tracking your hours from the moment when you first begin thinking about project ideas Include time invested by potential beneficiaries, your parents/guardians, Scout leaders and other adults you worked with to select and accomplish a project - Give a list of service hours earned to your unit advancement coordinator so that the Scouts helping you can get credit for service hours.	<ul> <li>Remind the Scout occasionally about tracking the hours they and others invest on the project.</li> <li>Offer to take the Scout to appointments if the Scout does not drive.</li> </ul>	- Encourage the Scout to keep a careful count of the hours they and others invest in the project starting with their initial planning steps.  - Make sure the hours, when project is complete, get entered into the unit's Service Hour record on the BSA Journey to Excellence Service Hour Reporting website so participating Scouts are recognized for their service.	- Talk with the Scout, when reviewing the project proposal, about counting their hours.

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	Develop worksheet to record service hours or use the Excel spreadsheet
	available on the Council Eagle Scout Information website.
	https://www.cvcboyscouts.org/eagle-scout-resources.html
	Enter hours after each activity onto the worksheet and provide a report to the un
	advancement coordinator so participating Scouts receive service credit for rank
	advancement.
	At project completion, the unit reports the service hours on the BSA Journey to
	Excellence Service Hour Reporting website. Note: Council does not enter hours
	separately, it is a unit responsibility.
	Report the total hours (whole numbers only, not fractions or decimals) spent by
	you and all participants on your Eagle Scout Rank Application.



There has been a steady increase in questions and problems regarding the tracking and reporting of the hours devoted to Eagle Scout Service Projects. This section is provided to clarify recommended procedures for Scouts, parents/guardians, and Scouters.

From the time you begin looking for a project to the completion of the project, you should be keeping track of your time. A small pocket notebook, a spreadsheet on a laptop, a notepad on your smartphone, or a loose-leaf page in your project workbook are all acceptable ways to accomplish this task. Each entry should include the name of the person, the date, the hours or fractions of hours, and the purpose of the activity. You will add the accumulated information in your Project Report, in the section titled Entering Service Project Data. The total number of service hours also is reported on your Eagle Scout Rank Application. If the project has a long duration, you should provide periodic reports to the unit Advancement Coordinator so participating Scouts can receive service hour credit. After completion of the project, the unit should include your project's service hours in their Journey to Excellence Service Hour Report.

Your service time includes research, making phone calls, participating in meetings, entering information into the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook, writing your project proposal and plan, completing the final report, plus numerous other activities.

You should record not only the time you spend on the project but also the time others invest in helping you on the project. This could be:

- Time spent meeting with one or more beneficiaries as you are selecting your project,
- Discussions with adults as you develop the project,
- Time a parent/guardian spends driving you to and from different locations,
- Time friends, Scouts, Scouters, or other volunteers spend actually working on the project,
- Time invested by your Eagle Advisor, Eagle Project Coach, Unit Leader, Committee Chair, and District & Council resources as they assist with the development of your project.

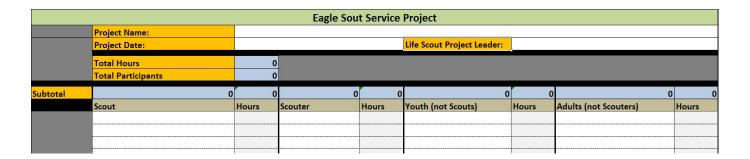
Below are two examples of a way to keep track of service hours and a screenshot of the Journey To Excellence (JTE) Service Hour Report. The first example is a manual method to collect the information. The second is an Excel spreadsheet available on the Council website. The advantage of the Excel spreadsheet is that it automatically accumulates the information required for the report section of the Eagle Scout Workbook. Adult unit volunteers can use the results for completing the unit's JTE Service Hour Report.



### Sample Tracking Log

Date	Activity Description	Eagle Candidate	Scouts	Other Youth	Registered Adults	Other Adults	Total

# **Excel Spreadsheet Tracking Log**



## BSA JTE Service Hour Report



### **SELECTING A PROJECT**

	KEY FOCUS ITE	EMS	
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	COUNCIL APPROVAL
<ul> <li>Participate in other Scouts' Eagle Projects to learn what they do.</li> <li>Talk to other Scouts, leaders, family and friends about project ideas.</li> <li>Look on the internet. NESA has a project idea generator as well as notable Eagle projects and Adams Service Project winners for multiple years.</li> <li>Check with your unit's Chartered Organization. What help do they need?</li> <li>Attend a District Life to Eagle seminar.</li> <li>Your religious organization, school, local parks authority, municipality or local charities are a good source of project ideas.</li> <li>Read your local community newspaper or newsletter. News articles are great sources for project ideas.</li> <li>After you find a beneficiary, talk with your unit leader to ensure you are on the right track.</li> </ul>	- If the Scout asks, suggest project ideas Help the Scout contact people if they ask for your assistance.	<ul> <li>Discuss the Scout's interests and initial ideas.</li> <li>Suggest possible projects and sponsors.</li> <li>Maintain a list of possible project locations with contact information.</li> <li>Counsel the Scout about scope (not too big and not too small) and choosing a project that the Scout will feel passionate about.</li> <li>Review the "Five Tests" on Proposal, page A, for an acceptable Eagle Project.</li> <li>Help the Scout research project ideas.</li> <li>Help the Scout "right-size" their project. Help the Scout develop a game plan.</li> </ul>	- Council Project Approval Representative should have a clear understanding of an acceptable Eagle Scout Service Project.

Ш	Select a service	project and	discuss	it with t	the right p	eople.

- Ideas for an Eagle Project. The idea can be original or something that has been done in the past. There are hundreds of organizations that need assistance. Some examples are:
  - City parks, county parks, state parks, United States Forest Service, Potomac Appalachian Trail Club, Bureau of Land Management, religious organizations, and local schools.
  - Be sure to consider your Unit's chartering organization.



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- O You can find ideas online at the NESA Web Site's Eagle Project Idea Generator at <a href="https://nesa.org/resources/trail-to-eagle/project-idea-generator/">https://nesa.org/resources/trail-to-eagle/project-idea-generator/</a> or simply perform a Web search for "Eagle Scout Service Project Ideas" or your Unit leader may have some ideas for you. For a successful project, you should identify a project that is:
  - (1) interesting,
  - (2) challenging,
  - (3) provides service to the community, and
  - (4) provides an opportunity for planning, development, and leadership. (Refer to Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook (page 4) for limitations and what the project is <u>not.</u>)
- BSA Distinguished Conservation Service Award. The Scout may want to consider combining their Eagle Scout project with a Distinguished Conservation Service Award project. Information on how this is possible can be obtained from the BSA website:

BSA Distinguished Conservation Service Award Program | Boy Scouts of America (scouting.org)

The Distinguished Conservation Service award is one of the few instances in Scouts when a single project can be used to qualify for two ranks/awards. The Distinguished Conservation Service program involves significant project design work, so if you are interested, be sure to talk with a Colonial Virginia Council Distinguished Conservation Service advisor BEFORE beginning your Project Proposal. Just remember, that while a First Class Scout you can begin the process for a Distinguished Conservation Service project, **but** you can only start work on an Eagle Scout Service Project after you become a Life Scout.

Glenn and Melinda Adams Award. Each year, the National Eagle Scout Association recognizes outstanding Eagle Scout Projects at the Council, Territory, and National level – and awards scholarships to the winners.

More information on the Glenn A and Melinda W. Adams National Eagle Scout Service Project of the Year Award can be found on the National website at <a href="https://www.scouting.org/awards/awards-central/glen-melinda/">https://www.scouting.org/awards/awards-central/glen-melinda/</a>. Discuss with your Scoutmaster if you qualify for this award.



	<u>Contact Benefiting Organization</u> . Once you have a project idea, you should
	contact the benefiting organization to gain their acceptance and approval of the
	project. You will need a main contact person, known as the Project Beneficiary
	Representative, to work through the planning and leadership phase of the
	project. This person should be someone who is authorized by the benefitting
	organization to approve the project and will work with you to make sure it meets
	the organization's needs. Their information will go on Proposal Page B of the
	Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook.
	You should bring along a copy of the 2-page brochure "Navigating the Eagle
	Scout Service Project: Information for Project Beneficiaries" to discuss with the
	beneficiary representative. You should read and understand this paper BEFORE
	presenting it to the beneficiary. It is the last two pages of the Eagle Scout
	Service Project Workbook. The project beneficiary will acknowledge receipt
	when they approve the proposal and sign Proposal Page E.
_	
	Review Idea with Unit Leader. Once you have an idea and have talked to the
	benefiting organization, you should review your idea with your Eagle Advisor
	(and/or Unit Leader). Up to now, you do not have anything in writing except
	maybe a rough drawing or some pictures. If your Eagle Advisor and/or Unit
	Leader agrees with the project concept, you should move on to developing your
	proposal – if not, consider the constructive suggestions you have received and
	start again. Your Eagle Advisor or Unit Leader may also help you find a subject
	matter expert relevant for your project who can assist you. For example, if the
	project is to build a stairway at a church, a local carpenter may be a good choice.



# **PROJECT SAFETY**

KEY FOCUS ITEMS					
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	PROJECT COACH		
- Read the "Sweet 16 of BSA Safety and the Guide to Safe Scouting online.  - Follow Youth Protection guidelines when meeting with adults and copy a parent/guardian or unit leader on all messages and texts.  - Download and read the "SAFE Service Project Planning Checklist" and "SAFE Project Tool Use". Use them to shape your project to reduce risk.  - Think about what could go wrong in all aspects of your project — use your imagination.  - Discuss risks (what could go wrong and safety hazards) with your beneficiary, unit leaders Eagle Advisor or Project Coach. Listen carefully to the advice and change your plan if needed.  - Ensure the beneficiary has called "Miss Utility (811)" if the project requires digging and make sure this was done before you break ground.  - Develop a contingency plan for adverse weather.	<ul> <li>Visit the site with the Scout – look around for things the Scout might not notice.</li> <li>Ensure the Scout talks with beneficiary, unit leaders and Project Coach about safety.</li> <li>Accompany the Scout to meetings with other adults while planning the project or ensure that appropriate unit leader coverage will be available.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Encourage use of Guide to Safe Scouting. Look for risks when talking with the Scout about project ideas.</li> <li>Guide Scout to manage risk.</li> <li>Ensure the Scout talked with the beneficiary about risks and safety.</li> <li>Talk with parents/guardians if the Scout is not making changes needed to ensure safety. Escalate to other leaders if the parents/guardians and/or Scout resist.</li> <li>Remind the Scout that anybody can stop their Eagle Project if they observe an unsafe situation.</li> <li>The candidate should plan for safe execution, but it must be understood that minors cannot, and must not, be held responsible for safety concerns.</li> <li>Be familiar with "SAFE Service Project Planning Checklist" and its companion, "SAFE Project Tool Use." (4.2.3.3)</li> <li>Ensure the Scout develops a safety plan that reflects risks specific to their project.</li> <li>Make sure that unit leader coverage follows Guide to Safe Scouting requirements.</li> </ul>	- Discuss with Scout the ways to build safety into their plan Encourage using the Guide to Safe Scouting. Give Scout feedback to improve safety aspects of their project proposal Ensure the Scout has discussed safety aspects of the project plan with the beneficiary and unit Help unit leaders if the Scout and/or parents/guardians resist making changes to reduce risk.		



An Eagle Scout service project is a unit activity, and the unit leaders have the same responsibility to assure safety during the project as they would with any other unit activity. Be sure to follow the *Guide to Safe Scouting*,

(<u>http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/34416.pdf</u>) and the "Sweet 16 of BSA Safety," (<u>http://www.scouting.org/scoutsource/HealthandSafety/Sweet16.aspx</u>).

The National Health and Safety Committee has issued two documents that work together to assist youth and adult leaders in planning and safely conducting service projects:

- a. SAFE Service Project Planning Checklist, No. 680-027, (http://www.scouting.org/filestore/healthsafety/pdf/680-027.pdf) and,
- b. SAFE Project Tool Use, No. 680-028 (<a href="http://www.scouting.org/filestore/healthsafety/pdf/680-028.pdf">http://www.scouting.org/filestore/healthsafety/pdf/680-028.pdf</a>). Unit leadership must be familiar with both documents (*GTA* 4.2.3.3).

You have a responsibility to plan, develop and accomplish a safely run project. You document this in both the "Proposal" and "Project Plan" sections of your workbook. The Beneficiary Representative, Unit and District Scouters review both the proposal and the plan. They should question you about your understanding of the project's hazards as well as the health and safety of everyone involved during the project's execution. You should plan for safe execution, but it must be understood that minors cannot, and must not, be held responsible for safety concerns. You should designate a Scouter or parent as the safety person who also will make the decision if it is necessary to call "911."

The unit leaders, the Eagle Advisor, and the unit committee should work with the Scout on selecting inherently safe projects, rejecting those that are not, and making sure, they keep abreast of safety issues during project planning through periodic communication with the Scout.



### PROJECT PROPOSAL

	KEY FOCUS IT	TEMS
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR
<ul> <li>Go through each section; make sure you understand what is needed and how you will apply it to your project.</li> <li>Neatly write up your project proposal. If possible, use a computer to fill in the workbook. Keep a copy.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Be a sounding board if the Scout asks.</li> <li>Continue providing positive encouragement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review the Proposal sections with the Scout and provide guidance on things to do and things to avoid.</li> <li>Be a resource for the Scout as they work through the details of the proposal.</li> <li>Encourage the Scout to use a computer to fill in the information.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Practice talking about your proposal with family or friends so you can do it confidently with the beneficiary and Scout leaders.</li> <li>Use complete sentences.</li> <li>If a section doesn't apply, put "N/A" so that leaders, advisors and the Board of Review know it wasn't filled in on purpose.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Make sure the Scout has access to the technical help the Scout needs.</li> <li>Review the document "Navigating the Eagle Scout Service Project" with the Scout and emphasize its importance when the Scout meets with the project beneficiary.</li> <li>The candidate should plan for safe execution, but it must be understood that minors cannot, and must not, be held responsible for safety concerns.</li> </ul>

# **Eagle Scout Service Project Proposal.**

Once you have chosen a project idea and have had initial discussions with your Eagle Advisor, your unit leader, and representatives of an interested beneficiary, it's time to start work on the "Project Proposal" section of the workbook. The proposal is an overview and the beginning of the project planning process. You need to describe, in general terms, what will be done.

As you prepare to enter information in the workbook, you should consider whether your project will meet the "Five Tests" of acceptability:

- 1. The project provides sufficient opportunity to meet the requirement.
- 2. The project appears to be feasible.
- 3. Safety issues will be addressed.
- 4. Action steps for further detailed planning are included.



5. The youth is on the right track with a reasonable chance for a positive experience. (*GTA* 9.0.2.7)

The Project Proposal should be readable, grammatically correct, and express complete thoughts. If possible, you should use a computer to fill in the workbook. Your first draft may need some revision, and it's much easier to edit a computerized document.

Project details that might be too extensive for the Proposal section may be entered in the Project Plan section before the Proposal is complete. It is also acceptable to attach extra pages, pictures or other documents to supplement the Proposal.

description of your project. You should identify the beneficiary and mention the
conditions that will be changed or affected by the project. If possible, you should upload photos and possibly maps or sketches of existing conditions. Then in a
few sentences, you should describe how your project would be useful for the
beneficiary. Possible benefits include helping members of the local community,
improving safety, functionality, or appearance of a facility, or helping
disadvantaged people. Then you should answer two questions regarding your
project schedule: When will it start, and when will it be complete?
<b>Giving Leadership.</b> One of the key components of Eagle Scout Requirement 5
is to "give leadership to others". You should record the approximate number of

is to "give leadership to others". You should record the approximate number of helpers you will need to accomplish your project and indicate how you plan to recruit them. These volunteers can come from your unit, school, religious organization, friends, or anywhere else you can find them. Your volunteers may be adults, but they must understand you are the leader. Volunteers can offer you (and only you) suggestions but, in the end, the project is yours and they must be willing to follow your directions.

Then you should record what you think will be difficult in terms of leading your project. For example, you may need to find volunteers with special skills (e.g., mason, carpenter, etc.). You may need to organize and manage separate work teams or you may be concerned about your ability to recruit productive workers who will follow instructions.

Materials/Supplies/Tools/Other Needs. These four sections are for you to list the items needed to complete the project. Each section mirrors a more detailed table in the Project Plan, so you are encouraged to work on both at the same time. If materials, supplies, or tools are not required for the project, you may enter "Not Applicable".

- <u>Materials</u> are what you use to make a finished item for your project such as lumber, nails, river rock, concrete, paint, etc.
- <u>Supplies</u> are consumable items that are not part of the finished product but are used to complete it. This includes items such as food, drinks, poster board, gas, trash bags, pens, sandpaper, etc.
- <u>Tools</u> are the items used to accomplish the work. This includes hammers, saws, shovels, tables, water jugs, rental equipment, etc.
- The <u>Other Needs</u> block is for anything not covered by the above categories like parking, postage, printing, etc.

Permits and Permissions. Not every project will require formal permits or
approved documents, but some will. This section should be completed if the
project is subject to local laws, zoning standards, homeowner association
covenants, etc.

Ask your Eagle Advisor, parents/guardians or Scout leaders if you need help in determining whether permits or permissions are needed. If you are building something, think about a building permit. If the project will generate trash, think about dumping fees and waste disposal regulations. If the project will use hazardous materials (paints, solvents, fertilizer, etc.), you should review warning labels and hazardous waste regulations. If digging is required, you will want to ensure the beneficiary called "Miss Utility (811)" to check the area prior to digging to mark any underground utility lines such as electrical and natural gas lines. It would be helpful to mark your site with white paint so "Miss Utility (811)" can ensure they look at your worksite. For more information on Miss Utility and why you should use white paint, go to:

### http://va811.com/homeowners/what-do-the-markings-mean/

Coordinate with the project beneficiary to ensure that you can get access to the worksite on the days you intend to conduct your project.

Advance preparation is the key to success, and you should perform adequate due-diligence to avoid unpleasant surprises when you try to conduct your project. When permits are required, you should ask the benefiting organization to obtain them and confirm they were obtained.

Preliminary Cost Estimate. Once you've determined the materials, supplies, and
tools that will be needed, you should estimate their costs and find a way to pay
for them. You can go to a store, look online or speak with your project coach or
other adults to help complete your cost estimate.

You should record preliminary cost estimates for all materials and supplies, even if these materials or supplies will be donated by the benefiting organization, your family, or others. They have real value, even if the cost to you is zero.

Tools to be used should be listed, but they may have zero cost if they will be loaned. If, however, a tool must be purchased or rented, the cost should be estimated. This applies to both the Proposal and Project Plan sections of the Workbook.

Projects may not be fundraisers (*GTA* 9.0.2.10), but you may conduct a fundraiser to finance your project. An explanation of how you plan to raise funds must be provided here. It is appropriate to include a description of the fundraiser, proposed dates, amount of money to be raised, and whether contracts will need to be signed. In the Project Plan, you will show how expenses and revenue will be balanced.

Read the <u>Eagle Scout Fundraising Application</u> section of this document for more information.

- Project Phases. You should think about the phases of your project like chapters in a book or legs of a journey. You should describe the major steps you will take to prepare for and accomplish your project. Some examples of typical project phases include:
  - Complete the Project Plan
  - Obtain funds and donations
  - Purchase materials and supplies
  - Recruit volunteer workers
  - Select and train crew leaders with specific assignments
  - Assemble components and stage materials
  - Conduct the project
  - Complete the project report

Logistics. The movement of materials, supplies, tools, and people to and from a
project will almost always be necessary. In this section, you identify how you
plan to do this. The details should be recorded in the Project Plan section of the
Workbook.



<u>Safety Issues</u> . Safety is the highest concern for all BSA activities and Eagle
Projects" are no exception. Important information on "Risk
Management and Eagle Scout Service Projects" is provided in GTA 9.0.2.14.
Eagle Advisors should help Scouts understand applicable policies in the GTA
(http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/33088.pdf), to help you plan a safe project.
In this proposal section, you should list all of the hazards and safety concerns
that should to be addressed in your Project Plan. You should pay special
attention to BSA policies on fuels, vehicle operation, and adult leadership. In
addition, you should review your tool list for safety hazards, and working at
height, and identify them in this section. Do not overlook common health and
safety issues like sunburn, poison ivy, ticks, heat stroke, heat exhaustion, hyper /
hypothermia, and dehydration. Make sure to advise your workers to bring their
own personal protective equipment such as gloves and eye protection. For more
information, see the <u>Project Safety</u> section in this guide.
Project Planning. In this section, you should record the steps you intend to take
to prepare a more detailed and complete Project Plan. For example, you may
indicate that you need to make additional phone calls, complete drawings,
research material costs, or prepare a management plan, or detailed plan for
fundraising. These are additional planning tasks to accomplish to ensure that
your project is successful. In all cases, you should share your Project Plan with
your project beneficiary to confirm that it meets their needs and expectations.



### APPROVAL OF THE PROJECT PROPOSAL

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	COUNCIL PROJECT APPROVAL REPRESENTATIVE
- Describe the project to your	- Remind the Scout to pay	- Provide an honest but diplomatic review of the Scout's	- Approves the project on behalf of the Council.
beneficiary and Scout leaders.  - Bring paper and pen to each discussion to record feedback.  - Make changes to your proposal based on the feedback from	attention to any feedback and bring paper and pen to write it down.  - Coach the Scout that feedback is a normal part of a proposal review	Proposal. Give the youth feedback on the project scope, the probability for success and a positive experience.  - Pay special attention to the safety aspects of the project.  - Remind the Scout that it is their project and that the Scout needs to demonstrate leadership.	<ul> <li>Review the project and pay critical attention to the scope, probability for success, and a positive experience. Talk with the Scout about showing leadership and remind the Scout to record all hours.</li> <li>Pay special attention to the safety aspects of the project. Ask the Scout to explain how he will organize and carry out the project.</li> </ul>
each reviewer.  - Collect all the signatures with the Council representative being last. Keep a copy.	process. It is designed to help improve the project, not criticize the Scout.	- Verify that the Scout gave the beneficiary a copy of "Navigating the Eagle Scout Service Project".	<ul> <li>Remind the Scout that he needs to discuss any changes with the beneficiary before implementing the project.</li> <li>Offer to be a resource for the Scout if questions/issues arise.</li> </ul>

Obtain approvals of the Project Proposal. You must have the dated signatures of all four approving officials in the workbook before starting the actual work on your project. If any of the approvers does not sign the project proposal, you must review, resubmit, and/or restart the project proposal. To avoid this unfortunate situation, you should discuss your project idea with your unit leader or Eagle Advisor at an early stage and then work closely with an experienced Project Coach to identify and avoid potential problems. Your signature should be the first one. Then the only required sequence for obtaining approval is that the Council approval must follow all the others. The Council Project Approval Representative approves Eagle Scout Service projects on behalf of the Council.

<u>Candidate's Promise</u>. Remember that you are stating "on your honor as a Scout" that you have "read the entire workbook". Youth tend to skim through the introductory section of the workbook, but it contains valuable guidance that can help you plan, develop, and lead a successful project.



<u>Unit Leader Approval</u> . You should present your proposal to your Unit Leader (i.e., Scoutmaster, Coach, Advisor, or Skipper) and obtain his/her signature. In signing, they certify that they have reviewed this proposal and discussed it with you. They agree it provides impact worthy of an Eagle Scout service project and will involve planning, development, and leadership. They are comfortable you understand what to do, and how to lead the effort. They also agree to monitor the project so adults or others present will not overshadow you.
<u>Unit Committee Approval</u> . You should present your proposal to a designated member of your Unit Committee and obtain their signature. In signing, they agree you have achieved the rank of Life Scout and are registered in the unit. They certify that they have reviewed the proposal, are comfortable that the project is feasible, and will do everything they can to see that the unit measures up to the level of support they have agreed to provide (if any). They also certify that they have been authorized by the unit committee to approve the proposal.
Beneficiary Approval. You should present your proposal to the Beneficiary Representative and obtain their signature. To avoid a conflict of interest, you should avoid using an immediate relative as a beneficiary representative. If an immediate relative might normally represent the beneficiary, look for an alternative such as the relative's supervisor. For situations such as a Lone Scout where use of an immediate relative as the beneficiary's representative is unavoidable, seek approval of the District ARC Chair before proceeding with the project. In signing, they agree the service project will provide significant benefit, and they will do all they can to see it through. They have informed you of the financial support (if any) that they have agreed to provide. They also understand any fundraising you conduct will be in their name and that funds left over will go to the benefiting organization. They agree to provide receipts to donors as required. Note that the beneficiary must indicate whether they have, or have not, received a copy of the document "Navigating the Eagle Scout Service Project, Information for Project Beneficiaries". If the "Yes" box is not checked, the approval process should pause until this document is received by the beneficiary and they understand its content.
Council Approval. Council has identified one or more Project Approval Representatives who are authorized to review and approve Eagle Project Proposals. Approval by the Council Representative indicates they have read <i>GTA</i> 9.0.2.0 through 9.0.2.15, regarding the Eagle Scout Service Project. They agree on their honor to apply the procedures as written, and in compliance with the policy on "Unauthorized Changes to Advancement." Additionally, they will

encourage you to complete a Project Plan and further encourage you to share it with your Eagle Advisor. Note that the "Navigating the Eagle Scout Service Project" document requires that you share your Project Plan with the project beneficiary before conducting the project.

Keep your approved project proposal in a safe place because it, and other sections in the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook, must be submitted along with your Eagle Scout Application to your Eagle Board of Review. Make working copies if necessary so your original, bearing "wet" signatures, does not get lost or damaged.

As you develop your Project Plan, it is normal for there to be minor changes from what was recorded in the Proposal document. These changes should be noted in the Project Report after the project has been done. However, if you want to make more significant changes from what was approved, a formal review by the Proposal approvers may be needed. What constitutes a "significant" change in the scope or leadership opportunities of a project must be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. For example, the denial of a required permit, or a request by the benefiting organization to increase, decrease or change the scope of the project in a major way should raise a "red flag."

If you want to make substantive changes from what you originally proposed, you should discuss the situation with you Eagle Advisor or Unit Leader for advice. Additionally, you may need to share these changes with the Project Beneficiary representative and others who approved your Project Proposal. You should discuss why the changes are needed and seek advice. Only under extreme circumstances should approval of your Project Proposal be withdrawn. Additional guidance is provided by *GTA* 9.0.2.7.



#### PROJECT PLAN

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	
<ul> <li>Complete applicable sections. Work carefully through each section. Use complete sentences. If something doesn't apply, use "N/A."</li> <li>Ask for help if you need it. A more complete plan ensures a better executed project</li> <li>Keep beneficiary's representative informed of your progress.</li> <li>Do a detailed project budget. Don't short change this part. Identify funding sources and expected contributions.</li> <li>Manage beneficiary expectations.</li> <li>Record comments after Project Plan review by the beneficiary and Project Coach or Eagle Advisor.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Be a resource if the Scout has questions.</li> <li>If the Scout seems to be struggling, ask the Scout who could help or what the Eagle Advisor or Project Coach recommended.</li> <li>Offer to review the revenue and expenses.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review the Scout's draft Plan and offer suggestions for strengthening the document to help the Scout avoid common problems and ensure success.</li> <li>Be a resource if the Scout has questions. Recommend resources if needed.</li> <li>Keep in touch with Scout to make sure planning meets scheduled dates Mentor the Scout as necessary</li> <li>Review revenue, expenses, and the fundraising plan for potential problems.</li> </ul>	

## ☐ Complete the Project Plan.

"Eagle Scout requirement 5 says you must "plan" and "develop" your service project. Though this Project Plan is a tool for your use, and is not approved or signed, it is important in helping to show you have done the required planning and development. Your entire Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook will be reviewed by the members of your Eagle Board of Review, so if this is not completed, you will need to find an alternate means of proving to the Board that you planned the project. Note that you are not required to provide more details than are necessary to accomplish your project.

A Scout who is prepared will complete the Project Plan, and then before the Scout begins carrying out the project, will ask the Eagle Advisor or a Project Coach to review it. The District Representative who approved your proposal may have agreed to serve as your Project Coach, or someone else may be designated to take this important role. A Project Coach's involvement and review of your Plan is optional, but it can help you avoid many problems or mistakes.



This can also improve your chances of favorably completing the Eagle Scout Board of Review.

Using the workbook, No. 512-927, helps you avoid pitfalls. If properly used, it very nearly assures success. It shows approvals have been secured, lists important limitations, suggests questions for those approving the project, and includes outlines for the proposal and the more detailed project plan that should come next. (*GTA* 9.0.2.8). It is acceptable to write your own project plan and work processes, and reference your more detailed document with "see attached" comments in the plan section of the workbook.

You should also show your Plan to your beneficiary prior to carrying out your project. This will help ensure your plans agree with the beneficiary's expectations. Remember, the project beneficiary has the authority to require and approve a project plan. – Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook

Ultimately the Eagle Scout Rank Application application bears your Scoutmaster's, Committee Chair's, and your own signature, and therefore attestation that the project requirements were successfully met. The members of the Eagle Board of Review conduct a final evaluation of your project and whether you have demonstrated sufficient planning, development, leadership, and positive impact for the beneficiary. (*GTA* 9.0.2.1(4) and 9.0.2.13). Therefore providing a written plan and other supporting documentation in your application package help show how well the project was planned and led by you.

Make every effort to present a readable and complete representation of the Project Plan. If you need to add pages to the Workbook to describe your plan or to add photos, please do so.

<u>Comments from Your Proposal Review</u> . Complete this section with comments from the review by your Council Representative. Comments made by the three previous approvers should already be incorporated into your proposal.
Project Description and Benefit – Changes from the Proposal. As you accomplish detailed planning after completion of the Proposal, changes will likely be necessary. Use the two areas in this section to document those changes and explain why they may be more or less helpful to the Benefiting Organization.
<u>Present Condition or Situation</u> . Use this section to describe the current condition or situation you want to change. Use words, photographs, or drawings to explain the current condition or situation so others can understand why your

project is important. Make sure pictures and drawings have captions and/or labels. Remember, others may never have the opportunity to visit the religious organization, school, park, or facility where your project will be taking place. **Project Phases.** Return to your Project Proposal and review the project phases you outlined there. Now look at this section as a top-level schedule that provides a guide for how you intend to be successful. This is different from the step-bystep instructions you need on the day of your project. A good schedule shows a sequence for getting tasks done. Because this is may be your first time planning a big project, you need to give your best estimate of how long tasks will take and in what order they will be done. These project phases could be a list of tasks, depicted on a calendar, or flow chart. Don't forget to track and record the time you spend planning, coordinating, and obtaining approval from different organizations and people. Work Processes. This is a step-by-step, well-thought-out plan describing how you will conduct the project. It is the recipe for making your project. The steps should include all the preparation - work that needs to be done by you and your team of volunteers, the workday plan from the time you get up until you return home, and any follow-up actions. **Attachments.** Almost every Eagle project will have one or more items for this section. For example, if you are building something, you may need blueprints, tables, charts, lists, diagrams, drawings, or figures to help you assemble and/or construct the item(s). Drawing should show the layout, dimensions, and colors (if

painted) of each item. Be sure to label each figure with a number and descriptive title. And remember to refer to these figures in your step-bystep instructions or other sections of the workbook.

If you are planning an event or activity, this would be a great place to include a program outline, lesson plan, or script.

If you are unable to attach items or they don't attach satisfactorily, then include them as separate documents with your workbook.



Permits and Permissions. This is an expansion of the permits and permissions section of your proposal. There you listed what you thought you might need. Now you need to dig into the details, confirm you need it, how you are going to get it, and how long it will take. If the project beneficiary needs to obtain a permit your Plan should indicate whether the permit has been obtained. If the permit has not been obtained, you should record the date when the beneficiary expects it will be obtained.
Materials, Supplies, Tools, and Other Needs. These four tables give you the opportunity to list everything you will need for your project. A substantial amount of time can be saved on the day of your project by properly filling in these tables and making sure you haven't forgotten anything.  Remember that all materials and supplies have value, so record the estimated cost, even if the item will be supplied/donated by the benefiting organization, your family, or others.
Expenses and Revenue. This mini spreadsheet will help you determine how much your project is going to cost and how much fundraising you need to do. Include a description of how you and your helpers will get the money for your project. If you can't find all the funding for your project, then look at reducing your costs or scope of your project. Make sure your revenue equals your expenses!  Go to the Eagle Scout Fundraising Application section for more information.
You should discuss how to handle monetary donations from receipt, safekeeping to payout. Make sure your Project Beneficiary, parents/guardians, and Unit leaders are in agreement with your plan. Remember to turn over excess funds raised from outside sources to the beneficiary at the conclusion of the project as the funds were raised on their behalf.
Giving Leadership. Using your previously developed Work Processes as a guide, complete the chart so it shows what specific jobs need to be done for each process, the necessary skills for that job, whether an adult and/or youth can do the job, and how many people are needed to do the job. Recruit at least one person that is not an immediate relative to work on your project. That will give you an objective resource if questions arise later.  The bottom two sections are reserved for your communications plan. There are many ways you can select for communicating information to your helpers. You

should decide what works best for your leadership style. The EDGE method is

highly recommended. In many cases, it is helpful to divide the work into

subtasks assigned to separate crews, each with a crew leader. The crew leaders can manage the detailed work, and you can focus on the big picture. This is also a good section to discuss how you are going to advertise your project.

Logistics. A good logistics plan is a key component of a smoothly run project. You are not only concerned about the safe movement of people to and from your project, but also materials, supplies and tools that may be delivered beforehand by a supplier or brought to the project by your helpers. This includes how you will dispose of trash, etc. resulting from the conduct of the project. It's a good idea to attach one or more maps that provide details.

Don't forget to discuss essential things like feeding and hydrating your crew and providing restroom facilities. Think too about the possible need and availability of electric power at your work site(s).

Safety (GTA 9.0.2.14). You must address safety considerations in your Eagle Scout project. Answering the questions and completing the table in this section will help ensure you conduct the service project in a safe manner. Make sure you have a suitable first aid kit that is available, properly stocked, and organized for immediate use.

You should include time in your project schedule for a safety briefing before work begins and include a copy of the briefing script in this section.

For hazardous chemicals or power tools, make sure there will be enough qualified volunteers to safely use them. Refer to the BSA\_SAFE Project Tool Use "in the *Guide to Safe Scouting* and the "Sweet Sixteen" of BSA Safety. https://www.scouting.org/health-and-safety/gss/sweet16/.)

If digging will be part of your Eagle Scout Service Project, Miss Utility (811) is your partner for safe digging! There may be variety of lines or pipes running underground in the area of the project. Miss Utility (811) is a one-call notification center that will inform facility and utility owners of your proposed excavation. The facility and utility owners will locate and mark underground lines at the dig site or verify the site is clear

Additionally, you should know the location and phone numbers for the local emergency facilities (e.g., hospital, fire station, etc.). It's also a very good idea to have someone present who is experienced in first aid.

Since an Eagle Scout Service Project is a unit activity, units have the same responsibility to ensure there is adequate adult leadership to safely conduct the

project as any other unit activity. The Scout should plan for safe execution; however, it must be understood that minors cannot and must not be held responsible for safety concerns. Units must adhere to the *Guide to Safe Scouting* requirements regarding registered leader coverage for all Scouting activities, including Eagle Scout Service Projects.

See Project Safety in this guide for additional information.

<u>Contingency Plans</u> . Discuss what could cause postponement or cancellation of your project and how you will deal with it. For example, if your project will be conducted outdoors, don't forget to identify a plan for adverse weather.
Comments from your Eagle Advisor About Your Project Plan. You are strongly encouraged to take advantage of the suggestions and guidance that an Eagle Advisor and/or Project Coach can provide. This is your first Eagle Project, but your Advisor and/or Coach likely has worked with other Scouts and may be able to help you avoid mistakes that could make your project more difficult to complete with success. Ask them for constructive comments and confirm that you have not missed anything important. Then record their comments and suggestions and revise your Project Plan as appropriate.
Review by the Benefitting Organization. As indicated in the "Navigating the Eagle Scout Service Project: Information for Project Beneficiaries", you should share your Project Plan with the benefitting organization so they can confirm that it is acceptable. They may also let you know if they have suggestions or concerns that the project might not produce the results they want. If problems are identified, the benefitting organization may require improvements before work



begins.

#### EAGLE SCOUT SERVICE PROJECT FUNDRAISING APPLICATION

LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR
<ul> <li>Share your plan with beneficiary and obtain its approval.</li> <li>Complete the fundraising application if you will need more than \$500 from sources. Council must approve.</li> <li>If less than \$500 from other than approved sources, the Unit approves.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Periodically ask the Scout how the Scout is doing and how you can help.</li> <li>Give the Scout feedback on budgeting for fund raising and probability they will receive hoped for contributions.</li> <li>Understand any fund-raising contractual requirements and sign contracts on the Scout's behalf.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Confirm with the Scout that their project requires a major fundraising component. Encourage the Scout to develop a fundable scope.</li> <li>Guide the Scout to sources of funds that are known and low risk. Discuss the details of providing receipts and protecting donations.</li> <li>Ensure Scout shares their fundraising plan with beneficiary.</li> <li>Ensure that the fundraising application is transmitted to Council/District and the Scout receives approval.</li> </ul>

## Complete the Eagle Scout Service Project Fundraising Application (if required).

The top half of the form completes automatically when you use a computer to complete the Contact Information sheet in your Workbook Proposal. The application is only one page as a PDF fillable document included in the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook. If you need to submit one, fill it in, print it out, get it signed, scan it and e-mail it, or fax it, to the Council Service Center.

In keeping with Council's Unit Money Earning Application procedures, the Council is the approving authority on the Eagle Scout Service Project Fundraising Application. The completed forms should be taken to the Scout Service Center for review.

It is important to remember that Eagle Scout service projects may not be fundraisers. In other words, you may not stage an effort that primarily collects money, even if it is for a worthy charity. Fundraising is permitted only for securing materials, and otherwise facilitating a project.

Funds raised from individuals associated with your project can be done without the need for securing Council approval. Those individuals are:

- The beneficiary
- The candidate



- The candidate's parents/guardians or relatives
- The candidate's unit
- · The unit's chartered organization
- Parents/guardians or members of the candidate's unit.

If you intend to raise a total of \$500 or more from fundraising sources that **do not** fit into those listed above, Council requires the submission of an Eagle Scout Service Project Fundraising Application for Council approval. Fund raising for amounts less than \$500 are approved by the Unit.

Regardless of the goal amount, all fundraising efforts must be described in appropriate detail in the <u>Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook Proposal</u> (in the Proposal Fundraising block under Preliminary Cost Estimate) and in the Project Plan (in the Revenue block).

Using fundraising websites such as GoFundMe is acceptable. Parents/Guardians are responsible for all contractual obligations. Some things to keep in mind if considering the use of a 'crowdfunding' source include:

- A Fundraising Application is required if the amount raised will exceed \$500.00.
- Eagle projects might not comply with the website's terms of service.
- If a contract is required, it must be signed by an adult.
- The website might take a 'cut' of the raised funds, plan accordingly.
- Funds must be raised in the name of the beneficiary, not BSA.
- Website must allow excess funds to go to the project beneficiary or the project beneficiary's designee.

Use the standards listed below from the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook when planning and developing your fundraising efforts, and then discussing them with your unit leader, unit committee, beneficiary, and others. Following these standards also increases the likelihood of approval.

- It must be clear to all donors or event participants that the money is being raised on behalf of the project beneficiary. Once collected, money raised must be turned over for deposit to an account of the beneficiary or to the candidate's unit for deposit until needed for the project. If the unit receives the funds, it must release them to the beneficiary once expenses have been paid.
- Any contracts must be signed by a responsible adult, acting as an individual, without reference to the Boy Scouts of America. The person who signs the contract is personally liable. Contracts must not and cannot bind the Colonial Virginia Council, Boy Scouts of America, or the unit's chartered organization.
- If something is to be sold, people should buy it because it is a quality product, not just because of an association with Scouting. Buyers or donors must be informed that the money will be used for an Eagle Scout service project to benefit the school,



- religious institution, or community chosen, and any funds left over will go to that beneficiary.
- Any products sold or fundraising activities conducted must be in keeping with the ideals and principles of the BSA. For example, they must not include raffles or other games of chance.
- Should any donors want documentation of a gift, this must be provided through the project beneficiary, not the Boy Scouts of America. If a donor or fundraising participant wants a receipt, this, too, must be provided in the name of the beneficiary.
- Youth are not normally permitted to solicit funds on behalf of other organizations. However, the Council may allow an exception for Eagle Scout service projects when fundraising is approved by the unit (below \$500) or by Council (over \$500).



#### **CONDUCT THE PROJECT**

KEY FOCUS ITEMS		
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR
- Have fun, stay calm.	- Be there to support if you can.	- Be there to support if you can.
- Expect the unexpected.  Don't be surprised if something you haven't thought of turns up or if you need to make adjustments on the fly	- Give the Scout space so the Scout can lead their project.	- Discuss contingency plans and project go/no-go situations.
need to make adjustments on the fly. That's part of leadership too.		- Discuss the Scout's "management plan" and
- Make sure you delegate and communicate.		"management team".  - Remind the Scout to record
- Write down your notes about conducting the project as soon as		their notes immediately, and then start their workbook write-up.
possible, preferably before going to bed. That way you'll be better prepared to do your report.		- Remind adults to refrain from taking charge as it is the Scout's
- Take photos. Pictures are		responsibility to lead the effort.  - Remind the Scout to have
worth 1,000 words.  - Designate a safety person.		their parents/guardians or someone else take photos to help document their project.

## ☐ Conduct the project.

Once the benefitting organization (and Project Coach, if applicable) are satisfied with your Project Plan, it is time to carry out your project. This is your opportunity to shine by demonstrating how you have planned and developed the project and your readiness to demonstrate your leadership skills. Your unit leaders and potential board of review members will most certainly be watching.

It is expected that you lead your volunteers in your project vs. doing the work yourself; however, you may employ techniques such as the EDGE method to demonstrate to others the work expected. This is a great way to "lead by example."

Note that some adults may try to be too helpful. If you see that someone is giving directions, but they are not part of your designated management team, you may need to gently ask them to direct their comments to you, so you can consider the best way to communicate the information to your work crew(s) or teams.



Start by implementing the schedule you should have developed during the project planning phase. Obtain and prepare the materials, including the necessary tools, for the project.

If it is an outdoor project, pay attention to the weather as your project day approaches. Have a 'bad-weather' plan (Be Prepared!), and make sure volunteers are kept informed.

Make sure you follow-up on preparation items delegated to others! Use your Unit's youth and adult leadership. They can help you fulfill transportation, photography, and food requirements. Instruct and organize your participants. Lead the project, observe the work, make corrections, if necessary, troubleshoot problems, and ensure everyone's safety! Have your first aid kit on-hand and designate a safety person who will call "911" if necessary.

You should take notes of anything that changed from your original plan. You should continue to track the number of hours you and each volunteer spends on the project. You should maintain a list of all materials, supplies, and tools used and donations received so they can be included in the Project Report.

#### Work on the project is complete when:

- 1. The work is finished
- 2. Any excess materials, supplies and tools have been cleared from the site, as applicable
- 3. You and beneficiary agree it is complete. This should be the date your beneficiary signs your Project Report (see section below). Enter this date on the ESRA at Requirement 5 and on the first page of the Project Report section of your workbook.



#### PROJECT REPORT

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	
- Using your notes from the day of the project, write up	- If the Scout asks,	- Be a resource if the	
your report as quickly as possible. If you do it when conducting the	provide him/her	Scout needs help writing the	
project is fresh in your mind, it will be easier.	feedback.	report.	
<ul> <li>Use complete sentences. If something doesn't apply, use "N/A."</li> <li>Be as complete as you can. The Board of Review needs this info. If you skimp and write only short sentences, the Board will need to ask about it. Good reports lead to easier Boards.</li> <li>Use your imagination. How could you have done the project differently? What could you have planned for but didn't? What did you learn?</li> </ul>	- If the Scout seems to be struggling with writing the report, ask open-ended questions about what the Scout was expecting, what was experienced and how the Scout felt when planning and then doing the project.	- Encourage the Scout to use a computer to record their Project Report.	
- Make sure you type the report neatly. Make it look like			
you care.			
Pick out some good photos for the report.			

## Complete the Eagle Scout Service Project Report.

After you complete the project work, you will need to complete the Eagle Scout Service Project Report. As you complete each section, be sure to focus your information on how you led the group through the project, what worked and what didn't work, what you learned from the project, what you would have done differently if you had to do it all over again, plus changes that were made and how you adjusted for them. Include as many pictures as possible – during and after shots.

Unit leaders and coaches must remember this section is for the Scout to report on their project and not for an adult to report observations on the Scout's project.

Likewise, Scouts must remember the Project Report should reflect their best effort as an Eagle Scout candidate.

Attach additional pages if needed. You should make every effort to present a readable and complete representation of your project.



Ц	<b>Project Execution</b> . Record when work began on your project and when it was finished using the definition from the previous section.
	<u>Project Description</u> . Now that you have completed the work on your project, take a moment to describe what you have done and the impact it will have. Did it turn out the way you expected it to? Is the impact consistent with what you described in your proposal? In your Proposal, you listed some action steps to complete your project plan. For the second part of this section, describe what really happened after approval of your Project Proposal.
	<u>Observations</u> . Recount what went well and what was challenging during your project. Talk to friends, your parents/guardians, and Unit Leaders for their observations. In preparation for completing this section, you should have recorded notes describing how things went. It's fair to expect this will be a topic of conversation at your Eagle Board of Review.
	<u>Changes</u> . List any changes made during the conduct of the project. You should use your Project Proposal and Project Plan as guides. You should explain why those changes were made, and the effect they had on the conduct and success of your project.
	<u>Leadership</u> . This is a great opportunity to describe how you satisfied the "giving leadership to others" portion of Requirement 5. This section should include both difficult and rewarding aspects of being leader of your project. As you complete this section, consider how your Unit Leader, Eagle Advisor, Project Coach, and others have helped you develop and demonstrate your leadership skills.
	<u>Material, Supplies, Tools, Other</u> . This section will help your Unit Leader and the members of your Eagle Board of Review understand the extent and success of your planning efforts. You should review your notes from the day of the project and the tables in your Project Plan in order to correctly respond to the questions.
	Entering Service Project Data. Make sure the hours you and others spent on the project are recorded and totaled correctly. Review the section on <a href="Tracking Service Project Hours">Tracking Service Project Hours</a> for more information. Make sure you provide your unit with the detailed information so they can give service hour credit to those who helped you and enter information into the unit's Journey to Excellence (JTE). You may



attach the original sign-in sheets or rosters as part of your report. These do not need to be typed or re-typed. **Funding.** The summary in this section will reveal how well you estimated your project's expenses and revenues in your Project Plan. If you encountered problems in this area, be sure to describe them and how they were resolved. If you haven't done it already, make sure any money or left-over materials from your project are turned over to the Project Beneficiary. Thank-you letters/notes are recommended and will be appreciated by anyone who donated materials or the use of equipment for the project. Don't confuse this with donor receipts for funds or materials which should come from the Project Beneficiary. Copies of these thank-you letters/notes or receipts may be included as attachments to the report. Alternatively, you may list those who received recognition in the "How were the donors thanked?" block. Photos or Other Documentation. Whenever possible, be sure to upload and include pictures of your project. They will help the members of your Eagle Board of Review to understand your project. Photographs of your completed project (along with "before" photographs included in the Project Proposal section) help provide a clear and understandable presentation of your efforts and their results. Consider designating a project photographer or multiple photographers to capture your project. You are not limited to the number of photographs, so consider including pictures of volunteers working, completed work, and even a group picture. Clearly label photographs with descriptive captions. You are not restricted to putting photographs in the specific area provided in the Workbook. You may provide photographs separately, for example, as an attachment to the workbook, mounted or printed on paper, or inserted into a binder's pocket.



## FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROJECT

KEY FOCUS ITEMS		
LIFE SCOUT	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	
<ul> <li>Take your project report to the beneficiary.</li> <li>Talk about how the project went. Get their feedback.</li> <li>Then ask them to sign the project report.</li> <li>After the beneficiary signs, contact your unit leader to get his/her signature.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talk with the Scout about how the Scout views the project and what was learned. Ask how the beneficiary feels about the project.</li> <li>Sign and date the report.</li> </ul>	

Obtain completion approvals for the Project. Once the Project Report is complete, you must sign the workbook and obtain the dated signatures of the
Unit Leader and Project Beneficiary Representative.
<u>Candidate's Promise</u> . Read and sign the promise before presenting your completed Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook to the approvers.
Beneficiary Approval. Discuss your Project Workbook with the Beneficiary Representative and obtain their signature. In signing, they agree that your Eagle Scout Service Project meets Eagle Scout requirement 5, as stated on page 4 of the Workbook.
<u>Unit Leader Approval</u> . Discuss your Project Workbook with your Unit Leader (i.e., Scoutmaster, Coach, Advisor, or Skipper) and obtain their signature. In signing, they also agree that your Eagle Scout Service Project meets Eagle Scout requirement 5, as stated on page 4 of the Workbook.



#### EAGLE SCOUT CANDIDATE REFERENCES

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT COMMITTEE/BoR CHAIR	
<ul> <li>Talk with your parents/guardians about who might be good references.</li> <li>Look for references that can discuss different parts of your life.</li> <li>Avoid having all relatives or all Scout leaders. The Board will benefit from hearing about you from multiple perspectives.</li> <li>Talk to the references and make sure they have the time and desire to write a letter of recommendation for you.</li> <li>Put their complete contact details on the ESRA. (Requirement 2; Name, Address, phone number, e-mail)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide the Scout with feedback about potential references.</li> <li>Encourage the Scout to get a variety of references. The Board benefits from multiple perspectives.</li> <li>Encourage the Scout to talk with potential references to make sure they are able to help.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Send out the requests for letters of recommendation once you get contact details from the Scout.</li> <li>Follow up if you do not get a timely response. Enlist District ARC Chair for help if needed.</li> <li>Make sure that neither the Scout, the parents/guardians, unit leaders or anyone else who is not on the Eagle Board of Review have access to or involvement with the confidential reference letters.</li> </ul>	

Request and receive recommendations on the Eagle Scout Candidate. In the Council,

each District Advancement and Recognition Committee (ARC) will determine the method for Eagle reference checks. However, reference request forms may not suggest answers, or provide a pre-determined list of topics. This letter may be sent to the references listed on the ESRA by the Unit Committee representative responsible for obtaining the reference letters.

On the ESRA, six references are required (five if the Scout does not have an employer). The requirement is for the Scout to provide complete and accurate contact information on their ESRA. The unit should assign an adult Unit Committee member or the Board of Review Chair to receive and hold the unopened reference letters, so they are available for review by members of the Scout's Eagle Scout Board of Review.

NOTE: UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES should a Scout or their parent/guardians(s) be tasked with receiving or holding the responses!

Here some notes on the specific types of references:



- a) Religious: A religious reference is required. A religious reference could be, for example, the pastor, Sunday school teacher, youth group advisor, or confirmation instructor. If the Scout does not have a formal religious affiliation, then the applicant's parent/guardian's information is required to attest to the candidate's adherence to Duty to God. In this instance, an additional reference letter is not required.
- b) **Educational:** An educational reference is required to be filled in. The Scout may use a teacher from their current grade or any previous grade, school principal, a school administrator, a coach for a sports team, an advisor for a school club, representative for another educational activity or organization or anyone who has personal knowledge about the Scout in their educational environment. An educational reference can give the school address/phone if they don't want to give their home information. If the Scout is home schooled, then use the appropriate parent's/guardian's information. In this instance, an additional reference letter is not required.
- c) **Employer:** If the Scout has never been employed, enter "None" or "N/A" to indicate "not applicable." If the Scout is not currently employed, but was previously employed, a Scout may use their former employer as a reference. If the Scout is currently employed, please use that employer as the reference. When contacting the person for permission to be a reference, the Scout should obtain complete contact information (i.e., full name, mailing address, phone number, e-mail) for their ESRA.

The response to the Letter of Recommendation should deal with the candidate's qualifications, character and fitness to be an Eagle Scout and must be returned to the assigned Unit Committee member. This person should keep the unit leader, unit Committee Chairperson, and unit Eagle Advisor, apprised of the status of the responses.

As many responses as can be reasonably obtained should be available for review at the Eagle Scout Board of Review. If a reference is non-responsive, then the Unit Committee representative should contact the reference to ensure they received the request. They should inquire whether a response has been, or will be, sent. Every effort should be made to obtain a response. If responses are not received in a timely manner, the Unit Committee member may attempt to contact the reference persons by e-mail, letter, or phone call. If responses are not received in a timely manner the Scout's Eagle Board of Review cannot be delayed or denied.

The Council, under any circumstances, does not want the reference letters to be included as part of the final Eagle Scout Package submitted to Council.

Remember, reference letters are confidential, and their contents are not to be disclosed to any person who was not a member of the Eagle Board of Review. See *GTA* 9.0.1.7 for additional points on confidentiality.

Responses from references should be destroyed by the Board of Review Chairperson or designee after the completion of a **successful** 



Board of Review and notification that the Scout's credentials have been received by Council. (*GTA* 9.0.1.7)



#### EAGLE SCOUT RANK APPLICATION

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	
<ul> <li>Download the form and save it to your hard drive.</li> <li>Carefully fill in all the information. Use the right date for when you joined Scouts – it usually is right after your first meeting, not when you earned Scout.</li> <li>Make sure your position of responsibility is listed on the ESRA and that you were registered in the unit (particularly important for Venture or Sea Scout members) during your service.</li> <li>Write down a project name that includes the beneficiary and project scope.</li> <li>Make sure you put down the TOTAL number of hours for the project and that the number of hours recorded on the ESRA is the same as the total number of hours in the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook. Use whole numbers.</li> <li>When you are confident everything is okay, submit to your unit leader.</li> </ul>	- Encourage the Scout to fill in the ESRA, using a computer, if possible.  - Help the Scout figure out the date they joined Scouts. The date you signed the application to join BSA is the one you want. If the Scout was a Cub, it usually is right after they bridged. If the Scout was not a Cub, it was usually at their first or second meeting.	- Be a resource – answer questions if the Scout has them.  - Help the Scout obtain unit advancement reports to ensure they are consistent with the information recorded on the ESRA.  - Confirm that the Scout successfully completed their assigned duties for their position(s) of responsibility.  - Review the Scout's completed form and back-up documents to ensure the information recorded is complete and accurate.	

## Fill-in the Eagle Scout Rank Application (ESRA).

When all requirements for the rank of Eagle (except the Board of Review) have been completed, you must complete the Eagle Scout Rank Application, sign and date it, and submit it to your Unit Leader. You can download the latest version of the ESRA with most information pre-filled from Scoutbook.scouting.org by logging into the site > navigating to the scout's landing page > Reports > Eagle Application.

The electronic, fillable form should be downloaded, completed, and saved using a computer whenever possible. This will save considerable time when changes or edits must be made. However, when it's time to record signatures, print out the form.



The paper version of the application must contain original (not photocopied) signatures. Electronic (digital) signatures are only supported for the Scout Executive.

All information on the Eagle Scout Rank Application must agree with the data recorded on Scoutbook or Internet Advancement 2.0 and found on the Scoutbook BSA History Report or the IA 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary

**for an individual Scout.** It is also helpful if the Unit uses a third-party software for record-keeping, but what is reported on Internet Advancement 2.0 takes priority. The unit should have the Advancement Chairperson print an Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for an individual Scout, or comparable report from a third-party software program to assist in the review of dates. See section on Record Keeping for additional information.

Here are a few hints on filling out this form.

- 1. **Name**: Use your full legal name (i.e., first, middle, and last name) using upper and lower-case letters on the top line of the application. Use an initial for your middle name only if the full name is too long to fit on the ESRA. Do NOT use all capital letters.
- 2. **Only use abbreviations** on the application for mailing address locations recognized by the United States Postal Service, such as St., Dr., or Pl. for Street, Drive, or Place, respectively. The standard state/district abbreviations may be used, such as DC for the District of Columbia, MD for Maryland, and VA for Virginia. Additionally, standard name suffixes (e.g., Jr., III, etc) should be used.
- 3. **Membership Date**: The ESRA requires a date for your joining ScoutsBSA (after Cub Scouts). Use the date from your ScoutsBSA Application or Crossover Ceremony, **not** the date you completed the requirements for the Scout badge.
- 4. **Dates**: List all dates as M M D D Y Y, e.g., 0 7 0 4 0 9. On the Adobe Acrobat© form the date fields are individual cells, so use the Tab key to move between them. Dates should be filled in to fit the space provided and should not be written across the lines. MAC users may experience "bunching of the dates," instead of one number per block. That is acceptable. All date blocks must be filled in, including leading zeros.
- 5. **References**: Either five or six lines must be completed. See the section on <u>References</u> and *GTA* 9.0.1.3 for more information.
- 6. **Merit Badge Dates**: Use the date completed as recorded by the Merit Badge Counselor on the signed Application for Merit Badge card, commonly referred to as the "blue card" or alternative report (electronic camp report, Scoutbook, etc.) documenting merit badge completion (*GTA* 7.0.0.2). Verify all dates are <u>after</u> the "Date became a Scout". See the section on <u>Record Keeping</u> for additional guidance.
- 7. **Eagle Required Merit Badge Options**: Whether earned or not, cross out merit badges not being applied to the 'Eagle-required' items in 7 (Emergency



Preparedness or Lifesaving), 8 (Environmental Science or Sustainability) and 10 (Cycling, Hiking, or Swimming). If earned, these crossed-out merit badges should be treated like elective merit badges.

- 8. **Board of Review dates for rank advancement**: Must be consistent in all record sources. See the section on Record Keeping for additional guidance.
- 9. **Positions of Responsibility**: List only approved position(s) from the current Scout BSA Requirements book or the ESRA. Dates may not begin before the day of your Life Board of Review and may not end on or after your 18<sup>th</sup> birthday (even if it is a Crew position you still hold). "Present" and "To Now" are not acceptable dates! Do not use future dates! Include all positions held after the date of Life Scout. If need to record more than two positions, squeeze the extra positions between the lines.
- 10. Project Name, Date, and Hours: Include the name of the benefiting organization in the project name (e.g., St. Mary's Church Prayer Garden). The Date Project Finished is the date that all project work was complete, not the date of approval signatures in the Workbook. The Grand Total of Hours must agree with the Project Report section of the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook. This must be a whole number without any fractions or decimal points.

## Write a Statement of Ambitions and Life Purpose and Listing of Honors and Awards.

On the ESRA's second page as part of the "Certification By Applicant, you will see that you need to prepare a Statement of Ambitions and Life Purpose and a Listing of Honors and Awards. You are told that "In preparation for your board of review, prepare and attach to your Eagle Scout Rank Application a statement of your ambitions and life purpose and a listing of positions held in your religious institution, school, camp, community, or other organizations, during which you demonstrated leadership skills. Include honors and awards received during this service."

<u>Statement of ambitions and life purpose</u>. This statement should be something that reflects your unique personality, demonstrates significant thought, and focuses on the future. It should communicate to the Board of Review that you are thinking about your future and what it means to be an Eagle Scout.

You should have ambitions in many areas of life, not just a job. Your life can gain meaning and satisfaction from a range of pursuits including family, religious organization, friends, social organizations, community service, Scouting, hobbies and other pastimes. Writing about your life purpose might touch on a professional occupation but should include the additional areas as well.

<u>Listing of honors and awards</u>. List positions of responsibility you have held in your religious institution, ScoutsBSA, school, camp, your community, social organizations or clubs, sports teams, band or orchestra, or other opportunities you had to demonstrate leadership skills. This listing should document the accomplishments you have earned in

your life to date. It complements the forward-looking statement of ambitions and life's purpose to give the Board of Review a more complete understanding of where you have been and where you are going.

If possible, you should complete these statements before you meet with your Unit Leader (Requirement 6). These documents contain important information that your Unit Leader will want to read and discuss with you.

Sign and obtain signatures for the Eagle Scout Rank Application (ESRA). After you have filled in the ESRA, you should meet with your Unit Leader and/or Advancement Chairperson to review it for accuracy of dates and completeness.

When the Eagle Scout Package (ESRA, Statement of Ambitions and Life's Purpose, Eagle Service Project workbook) has been finalized, you, the Unit Leader, and the Unit Committee Chairperson should sign the ESRA. Your signature signifies that, on your honor as a Scout, Venturer or Sea Scout, all statements on the application are true and correct and all requirements were completed prior to your 18<sup>th</sup> birthday. The signatures of the Unit adult leaders verify the accuracy of the application and approval to hold the Board of Review. The dates accompanying these signatures may be after your 18<sup>th</sup> birthday. If your Unit Leader and/or Unit Committee Chairperson refuse to sign the application, you should be directed to contact the District ARC Chairperson for guidance on requesting a Board of Review under Disputed Circumstances.

Once all three people have signed the application, the application and the Scoutbook Scouts BSA History Report or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for an individual Scout are provided to the Council Service Center for review. The Council Project Approval Representative is required to verify the advancement guidelines of the Boy Scouts of America are met or request an explanation if there is any discrepancy. The unit may need to make additional revisions to resolve issues not caught earlier. Note: Any advancement errors discovered after an earlier board of review must not be held against a Scout in considering future advancement, even if requirements for lower ranks were not properly completed before the board of review was held (*GTA* 8.0.0.1).



#### THE EAGLE SCOUT PACKAGE

KEY FOCUS ITEMS		
LIFE SCOUT	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	
<ul> <li>Gather your most recent completed and signed ESRA, Scoutbook Scouts BSA History Report or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for an individual Scout, Statement of Ambitions and Life Purpose, Listing of Honors and Awards, and your Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook</li> <li>Check to ensure your unit leaders will bring your verified ESRA to the Board of Review or will provide it to you for inclusion in the package.</li> <li>Leave other things such as rank advancement cards, blue cards, etc. in a safe place at home.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review the Eagle Candidate's completed/ signed ESRA, Scoutbook Scouts BSA History Report, Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for an individual Scout, Statement of Ambitions and Life Purpose, Listing of Honors and Awards, Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook and back-up documents to ensure the information recorded is complete.</li> <li>Provide the Scout feedback. Identify any corrections needed on the ESRA.</li> <li>If the unit needs more than one copy of any documents in the package, make sure you obtain the package from the Scout and make the copies.</li> <li>Communicate to the Scout who will be responsible for bringing the Scout's verified ESRA to the Board of Review.</li> </ul>	

- Assemble the Eagle Scout Package in preparation for the Board of Review. In preparation for your Board of Review and approval for advancement to the rank of Eagle Scout by the BSA, you **should** assemble the following information:
  - 1. A completed, signed and verified original ESRA (*GTA* 9.0.1.3) The most current version of the application must be used. Start with an auto-generated form from Scoutbook.scouting.org to provide the most accurate and up-to-date version.
  - 2. Life Purpose and Listing of Honors and Awards. See <u>Statement of Ambitions</u> <u>and Life Purpose</u> secion for more information on contents of this statement.
  - 3. Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook with all required signatures.



#### **EAGLE SCOUT CANDIDATE - UNIT LEADER CONFERENCE**

KEY FOCUS ITEMS		
LIFE SCOUT	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	
<ul> <li>Talk openly and honestly with your unit leader.</li> <li>Ask questions and ask for advice as needed.</li> <li>Discuss any concerns you have about your Trail to Eagle, so far, or the future.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ask the Scout questions about their experience and plans for the future.</li> <li>Focus on open-ended questions that give the Scout opportunities to talk.</li> <li>Keep the discussion positive.</li> <li>Remember that this is not a test. A Scout cannot "fail" a unit leader conference. The Scout completes the requirement solely by participating in the discussion.</li> </ul>	

## Complete Eagle Scout Requirement 6 (Unit Leader Conference).

You may ask for a Unit Leader Conference at <u>any time</u> after becoming a Life Scout; it does not need to be the last requirement completed. Keep in mind, however, that most unit leaders will want to have a conference with you immediately before your Board of Review.

As with all Unit Leader Conferences for any rank, participants should be asked how they have done their 'Duty to God' since achievement of their current rank and to think about how this question will be answered at their Board of Review.

Make sure the date of the Unit Leader Conference (e.g., Scoutmaster, Advisor, Coach, Skipper Conference) is recorded in your Scout handbook and also on the ESRA. This conference is a rank requirement and must be completed prior to your 18<sup>th</sup> birthday.

There is a strong preference that unit leader/Scout conferences be held "face-to-face," following all youth protection guidelines. This offers the Scout a more personal and impactful experience. There may, however, be circumstances which preclude a "face-to-face" conference. In such circumstances, a video conference is allowed, provided all youth protection guidelines are followed. (*GTA* 4.2.3.5)



#### **VERIFICATION REVIEW**

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	COUNCIL SERVICE CENTER	
- Talk with your unit leader and identify who will send your ESRA to the Council Service Center.  - If you are to provide the ESRA and Scoutbook ScoutsBSA History Report or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary Report for an individual Scout to Council, contact the Service Center and arrange to turn them in - Promptly make any corrections the Council Service Center requests.	<ul> <li>Carefully review the completed/ signed ESRA and Scoutbook Scouts BSA History Report or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary Report for an individual Scout.</li> <li>Provide the Scout feedback. Identify any corrections needed on the ESRA and ensure the Scout fixes them.</li> <li>Work with other Scouters to make any corrections identified by the Council Service Center.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Carefully review the completed/ signed ESRA and Scoutbook Scouts BSA History Report or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for an individual Scout. You are verifying the ESRA as a representative of the Council. Attention to detail at this point is critical. A high-quality review will help avoid awkward or embarrassing situations later in the process.</li> <li>Provide the Scout or Unit feedback. Identify any corrections needed on the ESRA.</li> <li>When the ESRA is correct, sign and date the second signature page on the line for "BSA Local Council Verification". Additionally, print your name under the signature line.</li> <li>Notify the unit or the District Advancement Committee Chair as appropriate that they are authorized to schedule a Board of Review for the Scout.</li> </ul>	

## Unit Verification of the Eagle Scout Rank Application & Package.

When all requirements for the rank of Eagle (except the Board of Review) have been completed, an Eagle Scout Rank Application (ESRA) must be completed by the Scout and verified by Council Service Center. Unit involvement in the preparation of the ESRA prior to this review is required.

- Unit use of the Council Eagle Scout Verification Checklist is strongly recommended when verifying the ESRA. A copy is included Appendix D of this guide.
- A unit must reconcile the unit's management records, ESRA, Scoutbook Scouts BSA
   History Report or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for an
   individual Scout to the source documents (blue cards, Scout's handbook) to ensure all
   dates agree. If necessary, the unit should take corrective action. Note: Units should not
   attempt to switch back and forth between Scoutbook and Internet Advancement 2.0.
   Consistently use either one or the other. Otherwise, errors are likely to arise.



 All information on the ESRA must agree with the data reported on the Scoutbook Scouts BSA History Report or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for an individual Scout.

The signatures of the Scout, unit leader, and committee chair MUST be on the ESRA, or an explanation must be attached as to why they are missing. (*GTA* 9.0.1.4)

- Those signatures are verification that each leader has verified the accuracy of the ESRA.
- If either unit leader or committee chair refuses to sign the ESRA, the unit must assist the Scout in contacting the District Advancement Committee.

# Arrange delivery of the Eagle Scout Rank Application to the Council Service Center.

The Unit is ultimately responsible for ensuring delivery of the ESRA and Eagle Package to the Council Service Center. This may be delegated to any unit volunteer, or the Scout. The ESRA package should include:

- □ Completed ESRA, Signed by the Scout, Unit Leader, and Unit Committee Chairperson.
- □ The Scoutbook Scouts BSA History Report or Internet Advancement Member 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary for the candidate.
- □ Scout's statement of Life's Purpose & Ambitions
- □ Scout's listing of Awards, Honors and Leadership Positions in and outside of Scouting.
- □ All sections of Scout's completed Eagle Project Workbook with all signatures and any supporting documentation (i.e. Project Plans, Photos, Timekeeping, etc.)
- If there are discrepancies, the package is returned to the unit for resolution.
- All discrepancies found during the review must be corrected before the Council Service Center signs the ESRA.
- It is strongly encouraged for the Scout and Unit Leader to use the Council Eagle Scout Verification Checklist at <u>Attachment C</u>. <u>Strict attention to detail is critical during the</u> <u>ESRA verification process</u>. Catching and fixing any errors, omissions or questionable points prior to the Board of Review is essential to preventing awkward or embarrassing situations that can cause stress and frustration for the Scout, parents, unit leaders and other volunteers.
- When satisfactory, a Council Representative will sign and date the BSA Local Council Verification block on the reverse of the ESRA. The Council Service Center will notify the unit or District Advancement Committee Chair that the ESRA has been verified and that the unit can schedule a Board of Review for the Scout.

#### **EAGLE SCOUT BOARD OF REVIEW PREPARATIONS**

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	DESIGNATED EAGLE BOARD CHAIR	DISTRICT ADVANCEMENT CHAIR or DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE on EAGLE BOARD	
<ul> <li>Make sure you provide the unit or Board with your the completed/signed and verified ESRA, Statement of Ambitions and Life Purpose, Listing of Honors and Awards, and your Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook.</li> <li>Review all the materials so you can talk about them confidently.</li> </ul>	- Coordinate with Scout, Unit Leader, and others to schedule the Eagle BoR; date, time, location, etc Similarly, bring all the letters of character reference (unopened) to the Board of Review Make sure that all members of the Board review the Eagle Candidate's ESRA, Statement of Ambitions and Life Purpose, Listing of Honors and Awards, the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook and letters of reference Ensure that new Board members that haven't done an Eagle BoR before understand the process and their responsibilities.	<ul> <li>Make sure that Council has signed and dated the ESRA before the Board of Review is allowed to commence.</li> <li>Ensure the Eagle Package contains the Scout's ESRA, Statement of Ambitions and Life Purpose, Listing of Honors and Awards, and their Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook.</li> <li>Ensure the unit allowed sufficient time for character references to reply. Ask what efforts were made to follow up with non-responsive references.</li> <li>If this Eagle BoR is actually a Board Under Disputed Circumstances, be sure to inform the Council ARC Chair</li> <li>Be available to answer any Board member questions.</li> </ul>	

## Complete preparations for the Eagle Scout Board of Review.

The Council ARC allows each District to set its procedures for conducting Eagle Boards of Review. Some Districts hold all Eagle Boards at the District level, while others hold Eagle Boards at the Unit level, but require attendance from at least one District representative per the *GTA* (*GTA* 8.0.3.0). **A District representative must be present at any Eagle Board of Review.** 

**Scheduling**: When the Scout's unit is responsible for the Board of Review, scheduling should be performed by the designated Board Chair coordinating with the unit leader, Eagle Scout candidate, District representative, and otherboard members. In securing District representation, the Eagle Board Chair should contact the District ARC Chair. If he/she is unavailable, the District ARC Chair can designate someone.



The Board of Review members should convene at least 30 minutes before the candidate is presented in order to review the application, reference letters, and service project workbook.

<u>Eagle BoRs After the 18<sup>th</sup> Birthday</u>: Scouts, Venturers and Sea Scouts who have completed all requirements other than the Board, prior to their 18<sup>th</sup> birthday may have their Eagle Board within two years after their 18<sup>th</sup> birthday without special approval (*GTA* 8.0.3.1).

A Board of Review that needs to be conducted more than two years after the Scout's 18<sup>th</sup> birthday requires filing a Belated Eagle Scout Rank Application (*GTA* 8.0.3.1) for approval by the National Advancement Team.

Board of Review Composition (*GTA* 8.0.0.3, 8.0.1.0): The Board of Review is composed of a representative of the District ARC and two (2) to five (5) other members, totaling a maximum of six members all of whom are age 21 years or older. The composition of the Board must meet the *Guide to Safe Scouting* requirements for coverage by registered leaders. Once the *Guide to Safe Scouting* requirements are met, the remaining members do not have to be registered in Scouting, but they must have an understanding of the significance of the Eagle Rank, and thus the importance of the Eagle Scout Board of Review.

Neither the Scout nor their parent(s) or guardian(s) shall have input into the selection of the Board of Review members.

The Chairperson of the Scout's Eagle Board of Review is typically a member of the District ARC or the candidate's Unit Committee and is designated as the Chairperson of the Board of Review by the Scout's Unit Committee Chairperson (or Unit's Advancement Chairperson). That person may also be the Unit's Committee Chair or a designated member of the District ARC, but 'spreading the workload' is a good way to get others involved.

At least one District or Council Advancement Committee Representative must be a member of the Eagle Board of Review when conducted at the unit level (*GTA* 8.0.3.0). A Council or District may designate more than one person to serve as a member of an Eagle Board of Review when requested by the unit.

The Unit Leader (e.g., Scoutmaster, Advisor, etc.), assistant unit leaders (e.g., Assistant Scoutmasters), relatives, or guardians may not serve as members of a Scout's Board of Review. After introducing the Eagle Candidate, (provided they aren't the parent or guardian of the candidate), the Unit Leader normally leaves the room. Unit Leaders who are invited to remain as an observer may <u>not</u> participate in any way. It is strongly discouraged for persons who are related to the candidate to be present in the



Board of Review in any capacity to encourage the most open and frank conversations between the Scout and the Board. See *GTA* 8.0.1.0 for further guidance.

If the candidate is a Scout with Special Needs, alternative advancement requirements, alternative Eagle-required merit badges, or is registered beyond the age of eligibility, then it is recommended that an adult advocate for the candidate participate on the Eagle Board. See *GTA* 10.2.2.0 for further guidance.

In the event of a Board Under Disputed Circumstances, see *GTA* 8.0.3.2 for more information.



#### CONDUCTING THE EAGLE SCOUT BOARD OF REVIEW

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	DESIGNATED EAGLE BOARD CHAIR	DISTRICT ADVANCEMENT CHAIR or DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE on EAGLE BOARD
- Answer all questions completely If you don't understand a question, ask for clarification Do your best to describe key points like how you showed leadership on your project, showed Scout spirit, and live the Oath and Law.	- Unit Leaders should introduce the Scout at the appointed time, and then leave the room, remaining available for questions, or the post Eagle BoR 'photo op'.  If a Board of Review asks a Unit Leader to remain as an observer, the Unit Leader must remain silent and may not participate in any way.	<ul> <li>Ensure the Board composition meets the <i>Guide to Safe Scouting</i> requirements for coverage by registered leaders.</li> <li>Explain the overall process, and any 'special' elements of the proceedings that may be unit/Scout unique.</li> <li>Provide the Character Reference Letters to the other Board members.</li> <li>Suspend the Board if challenging issues arise to give the Board time to get additional information and obtain guidance from Council ARC, if needed.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Monitor the discussion and ensure that it remains positive, focused and avoids "retesting" the Scout.</li> <li>Keep detailed notes if there is any indication that the decision may be something other than unanimous, in favor of the Scout.</li> </ul>

## Conducting the Eagle Scout Board of Review.

There is no required or standard set of questions that an Eagle candidate should be asked. However, the Board members should assure themselves of the candidate's participation in the program. This is the highest award that a Scout may achieve and a thorough discussion of their successes and experiences in Scouting should occur. (Be careful with 'sample' questions downloaded from online sources. Some can be 'dated', or simply wrong.)

<u>The Board's Two-Fold Focus</u>: Like most boards, the Eagle Board Review confirms that a Scout deserves advancement, and it reviews how the unit is delivering the BSA program. The discussion should include reflections on accomplishments and look towards the future.

**Requirements Review:** Since the objective requirements for Eagle have already been validated, the 'requirements review' during the Board should explore more subjective requirements, such as the extent to which the Scout is living the principles of the Oath and Law, and the extent to which the Scout planned and provided leadership in the execution of their project.



Requirement #2 (Character): The Letters of Character Reference provide insights into how others outside the Scouting program see the Scout and how the young person demonstrates Scout-like character. Similarly, the Scout's Statement of Ambitions and Life Purpose and their list of accomplishments provide additional insights into the Scout's character and life outside of Scouting. The 'life purpose' portion of the Scout's Statement – coupled with the elective merit badges the Scout chose to pursue – help reveal their interests.

#### IMPORTANT NOTE ON THE DECLARATION OF RELIGIOUS PRINCPLE

BSA Declaration of Religious Principle as excerpted on both the Adult and Youth Registration Applications states "The BSA maintains that no member can grow into the best kind of citizen without recognizing an obligation to God and, therefore, recognizes the religious element in the training of the member, but is absolutely nonsectarian in its attitude toward that religious training. Its policy is that the home and the organization or group with which the member is connected shall give definite attention to religious life. Only persons willing to subscribe to this Declaration of Religious Principle and to the Bylaws of the Boy Scouts of America shall be entitled to certificates of membership."

GTA 5.0.5.0 further states that "From time to time, issues related to advancement call for an understanding of the position of the Boy Scouts of America on religious principles."

"The Boy Scouts of America does not define what constitutes belief in God or practice of religion. Neither does the BSA require membership in a religious organization or association for membership in the movement. If a Scout does not belong to a religious organization or association, then the Scout's parent(s) or guardian(s) will be considered responsible for religious training. All that is required is the acknowledgment of belief in God as stated in the Declaration of Religious Principle and the Scout Oath, and the ability to be reverent as stated in the Scout Law."

During the Board of Review it is customary to understand the Scout's faith journey and how it has shaped the Scout's character. While it is wholly appropriate to ask about the Scout's religious upbringing or practice, it is against policy to use this as a basis for rejection of a candidate for earning the rank of Eagle Scout. A common way to address this topic is to call back to the Scout Oath and Scout Law with open-ended questions such as "How do you fulfill your Duty to God?" or "What does it mean to you when you say 'A Scout is Reverent?" If a scout professes absolute belief in no higher power, the Board should be suspended (see section below for procedures) and the Unit Leader consulted, as this should have been addressed at the unit level before this time.

**Requirement #5 (Project):** The Board should confirm that the Scout executed their project in accordance with Eagle Scout Requirement 5. The *GTA* provides broad guidance (9.0.2.7, 9.0.2.8, 9.0.2.13) for an Eagle Scout Board of Review as they



consider whether an Eagle Scout Service Project meets this requirement. Board members must maintain appropriate flexibility in evaluating this requirement as it is somewhat subjective. Projects can vary widely based in terms of their type and size, and the capabilities of each individual Scout.

According to *GTA* 9.0.2.8 Use the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook "Using the workbook, No. 512-927, helps candidates avoid pitfalls. If properly used, it very nearly assures success. It shows approvals have been secured, lists important limitations, suggests questions for those approving the project, and includes outlines for the proposal and the more detailed project plan that should come next.

"The workbook should not, however, become a basis for rejecting candidates based on "technicalities" that have nothing to do with requirement intent. While the use of the workbook is required, this does not mean that every line or even every form must be completed. In most cases Scouts should fully complete the proposal and project report, and be strongly encouraged to complete the project plan. However, at times it may not be feasible or just not necessary for establishing that the requirement was met."

In the rare case where a Scout had not completed the Project Plan portion of their Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook, the Council ARC offers the following 'measures and characteristics', to assess whether the 'plan' portion of requirement 5 actually was met.

- 1. At their Board of Review, the Scout should be able to explain how the youth planned, developed and organized their project work and their workforce.
- 2. At their Board of Review, the Scout should be able to explain how they demonstrated leadership.

The Board should have documentation in the Scout's Workbook that shows how the Scout implemented their plan and demonstrated leadership. This may include descriptions of how the Scout recruited workers, communicated with others during the planning and execution phases of the project, delegated tasks, responded to emergencies, and managed contingencies. The Scout's self-evaluation should be recorded in the Project Report Page B and should be further discussed during the Eagle Board of Review.

3. Safety issues were addressed.

At their Board of Review, the Scout should be able to explain how they made a concerted effort to identify safety issues associated with their project and the measures they used to prevent injuries, or how they would respond if they occurred. The Scout should discuss knowledge of the requirements and guidance contained in the *Guide to Safe Scouting*.

4. Materials, tools, supplies, and other needs were identified.

At their Board of Review, the Scout should be able to explain how they determined the appropriate materials, tools and supplies, and their quantities in enough detail to successfully accomplish his project. Any significant shortages or overages should be identified in the Project Report. They should not be "edited" into the Project Plan after completion of the project.

5. Plans, drawings, diagrams, maps, and pictures were included, as appropriate, in the plan, and used during the accomplishment of the project.

At their Board of Review, the Scout should be able to explain how they provided sufficient information for their workers, the project beneficiary, and the Eagle Board to understand what will be done, where it will be done, and how it will be done.

6. Expenses and Revenue were understood.

At their Board of Review, the Scout should be able to explain what expenses the Scout expected would be incurred and how those expenses would be covered by fundraising efforts.

7. Logistics elements were identified and addressed.

At their Board of Review, the Scout should be able to explain the plans for moving personnel and materials to and from the project.

8. The Scout complied with BSA and unit policies during the accomplishment of the project.

At their Board of Review, the Scout should be able to explain how they complied with applicable BSA and unit policies.

**Program Review:** It's common and desirable for Eagle Boards to ask questions what aspects of the unit's 'program delivery' activities (e.g., camping, advancement, youth-led (vs adult involvement, etc.) were considered to be particularly successful and liked by the Scout and which ones could be improved, according to the Scout. To promote an open discussion of these issues, it is recommended that Unit Leaders not attend Eagle Boards of Review.



#### SUSPENDING OR CONCLUDING THE EAGLE SCOUT BOARD OF REVIEW

KEY FOCUS ITEMS			
LIFE SCOUT	DESIGNATED EAGLE BOARD CHAIR	DISTRICT ADVANCEMENT CHAIR or DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE on EAGLE BOARD	
<ul> <li>Listen carefully to the Board's decision.</li> <li>Ask questions if there is anything you don't understand.</li> </ul>	oard's  - Explain the decision to the Scout, clearly and completely. If favorable, invite the Scout to have their parents/guardians come into the room to share in the celebration.  - If the decision is positive, ensure the ESRA, Unit Advancement  - Announce and the Scout if there is a far decision.  - If there is a ser possibility of an unfavor suggest that notes be target the teleprocess.	the Scout if there is a favorable	
	it) are signed in the right places by all board members.  - Identify the adult volunteer who will return the signed ESRA and Unit Advancement Form to Council.	Eagle BoR.  - Ensure that if the Board's decision is unfavorable, the Board members – led by the Board Chair – understand that there is only one Board of Review, and that if there is adequate time before the Scout turns 18,	
	- If the decision is negative, give the Scout a written explanation promptly. Counsel about ability to appeal.	'remedying the shortfall' is an option. If not, a denial of rank advancement is the only option.	
	- Confirm the procedure for handling reference letters.	- If the decision is unfavorable, collect of all the letters of reference, as well as any notes/discussion transcriptions, and retain them for use	
	- For a favorable decision, collect all the letters of reference, and retain them until National verifies approval of the decision; then shred.	in the event the Scout files an appeal.	

## □ Suspending and Reconvening the Eagle Scout Board of Review

If an issue arises during a Board of Review that the Chair or District representative foresee could present a challenge or if there is a need for more research, the Chair may suspend the Board. In complex situations, the Board Chair and/or District ARC Chair should consult with the Council Advancement and Recognition Committee (ARC) and also conduct additional research or discussion. Once there is improved clarity, the Board can reconvene with the same membership, finish the discussion with the Scout and reach a conclusion.



### Notify the Scout of the Board's decision and complete the paperwork.

After the Board of Review session with the Scout, the candidate (and their Unit Leader, if present) should leave the room while the Board members discuss the acceptability of the candidate as an Eagle Scout. Because of the importance of the Eagle Scout Award, a decision in favor of awarding the Eagle rank must be unanimous.

If the candidate meets the requirements, s/he is asked to return and is informed that s/he has received the Board's recommendation for advancement to the rank of Eagle Scout. The *original* Eagle Scout Rank Application in the Eagle Scout Package should be signed by the Eagle Board Chair and the District representative on the board. It is permissible for multiple board members to sign on the District representative line at District-level Boards of Review.

Two copies of the Unit Advancement Report (Form 34403) should likewise be completed and signed by the Board chair and attendees. One copy should be given to the Unit Leader at the conclusion of the board, and the other should be be returned with the signed ESRA to the Council Service Center.

# Concluding an Unsuccessful Eagle Scout Board of Review.

For an unsuccessful Board of Review, there are two options.

- 1. If the Scout's 18th birthday is not imminent and the Board of Review feels the Scout can improve in certain areas within a defined time frame, the Board of Review may adjourn and then, after the Scout has completed the recommended improvements, reconvene at a later date, continue discussion and reach a conclusion. A reasonable attempt should be made to reassemble the members of the first Board when the Board of Review is reconvened.
- 2. If the Scout's 18<sup>th</sup> birthday is imminent or the Scout refuses to undertake the recommended improvements, then refer to the section in this guide on <u>Appeals</u> and *GTA* 8.0.4.0 for additional information.

# Arrange delivery of the Eagle Scout Rank Application to the Council Service Center.

Upon successful conclusion of a Board of Review, the Board Chair is responsible for ensuring timely delivery of the ESRA and Unit Advancement Report to the Council Service Center. This may be delegated to any board member or Unit Leader. But under NO circumstances should the Scout and/or the parents be involved with submitting the signed ESRA to Council. This is ultimately a Unit or District responsibility depending on the Scout's district policies. If the Board was successful, the remainder of the Eagle Scout package may be returned to the scout.

Remember, Council does not want the reference letters as part of the final Eagle Scout Package! The reference letters should be received by the Unit Leader, given to the Board Chair prior to the candidate's presentation to the board as the package is reviewed, are kept confidential, and their contents must not be disclosed to any person who was not a member of the Board of Review. The reference letters are to be destroyed by either the Board of Review Chairperson or designee upon completion of a successful Board of Review AND notification that Council has received the Scout's credentials.

**Council Submission.** The Council will process the material and electronically forward the ESRA to the National office. Remember, the candidate is not an Eagle Scout until the National BSA office has stamped their approval on the Scout's application. This normally will take 2-3 weeks but could take up to six weeks.

**BSA National Team Actions**: Upon receiving the electronically submitted Eagle Scout application, the BSA will screen the application to verify the correctness of the information. Any item not meeting National standards will cause the application to be returned for more information. If the application is in order, the Scout is then certified as an Eagle Scout on behalf of the National Council.

Notice of approval is given by sending the Eagle Scout certificate to the Council Service Center. The date on the certificate will be the date of the Board of Review. The Eagle Award must not be presented by a unit until after the certificate is received by the Council. The Eagle Scout Court of Honor should not be scheduled until the unit receives the Eagle Scout rank credentials.

Notification by the Council. The person designated by the Scout's unit will receive an e-mail notification indicating that the Eagle Scout Package was approved, and the Eagle Scout certificate, plus other related items are ready for pickup at the Council Service Center. In addition to retrieving the Eagle Scout package, the unit designated individual will receive the Eagle Scout Award certificate and a presentation box with the Eagle Scout Medal, Eagle Scout Patch, the Eagle Scout Mom's Pin, Eagle Scout Dad's Pin, a Mentor's Pin, and information about the National Eagle Scout Association. The unit is responsible for notifying the candidate that their advancement to the Eagle rank has been approved. The Eagle Scout Court of Honor should not be scheduled until Council has received the Scout's Eagle credentials.



### **EAGLE SCOUT BOARD OF REVIEW – APPEALS**

KEY FOCUS ITEMS						
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	COUNCIL ARC			
- If the Board decision was negative, make sure they gave you a written explanation Read the explanation carefully. Decide whether you want to appeal If you do want to appeal, send a written request (e-mail is sufficient) appealing the decision to your District Advancement Chair, copy the Council ARC Chair.	- Provide the Scout with guidance, advice and support Be available for questions, and supportive of data/information needs conveyed by the Council ARC Representative (District Advancement Chair)	<ul> <li>Work with the Committee Chair and EBOR Chair to ensure the Scout receives a written explanation in a timely manner as to why his advancement has been denied.</li> <li>Answer questions and consult with the District and Council ARCs.</li> <li>Serve as a resource for the Scout. Answer questions or obtain guidance from the Council ARC.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Form an Appeals Board comprised of District or Council ARC members (only), totaling 3 or 5 people.</li> <li>Train/inform the Appeals Board members on how the Appeals process works, and the importance of finding the right balance between getting enough information and bringing closure to the case.</li> <li>Lead the gathering of information/data, conducting interviews, etc. that help form a complete picture.</li> <li>Keep the Scout/Family and the Council ARC Chair abreast of progress on resolving the case.</li> </ul>			

If the Board does not reach a positive, unanimous decision, then two possibilities exist.

- 1. If the Scout is not near their 18<sup>th</sup> birthday but refuses to undertake the Board's recommendations for improvement over the defined timeframe resulting from an unsuccessful board of review, the Scout may decide to appeal the Board's decision, or.
- 2. If the Scout is near or past their 18<sup>th</sup> birthday, and the vote was not unanimous, the Board must inform the Scout of their options for appealing the decision and the proper procedures.

If the Board's decision is going to be unfavorable, then the Board must select either option 1 or option 2 (above). After doing so, the Eagle candidate should be asked to return to the room where the candidate will be informed why the Scout's advancement to the rank of Eagle was not approved.

For option 1, if the Scout disagrees with the decision of the Board and chooses to appeal, the request should be submitted to the District ARC Chairperson by the Scout, or their parent(s) or guardian(s). The Board will provide the Scout with the necessary contact information. The

Board also promptly will provide the Scout a written statement documenting why their advancement to the rank of Eagle was not approved. If the Scout agrees to the recommendations of the Eagle Board, a follow-up letter will be sent to the Scout confirming the agreement and the action(s) necessary for their advancement.

In the case where option 2 applies, the Board promptly will provide the Scout with a statement documenting why their advancement to the rank of Eagle was not approved and provide the Scout the contact information necessary to request an appeal.

If the Scout chooses to appeal the decision of the Eagle Board and a District-level appeal does not result in a recommendation for advancement, the Scout/Family may submit an appeal to the Council ARC through the Council Service Center for further action. Similarly, if a Council-level Appeals Board confirms the lower Board's (unfavorable) decision, the Scout/Family may appeal to the National Council. This should be coordinated with the Council ARC Chairperson.



### EAGLE SCOUT COURT OF HONOR

KEY FOCUS ITEMS						
EAGLE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER/EAGLE ADVISOR	PATROL LEADER'S COUNCIL & UNIT COMMITTEE			
- Provide guidance to your unit about when, where, and how you would prefer your court of honor be conducted Decide who will serve in key roles, including your Master of Ceremonies (MC), Honor Guard, and designated speakers Empower your PLC and MC to take an active hand in planning and executing the event for you. Encourage scouts still working on their Communications Merit Badge to take an active role Have fun and celebrate.	- Provide the Eagle Scout with guidance, advice and support.  - Provide the Unit leaders with additional guidance and support. Strike a balance between the planning you provide and what other unit volunteers can provide. Communicate well.  - Work with the PLC & Unit Committee to secure any guest speakers, dignitaries, or other invitees in advance.  - Be present at the Court of Honor and participate in any roles scripted or otherwise assigned to you.  - Have fun and celebrate.	<ul> <li>Work with the MC, PLC, and Unit Committee to ensure a ceremony is appropriate and meaningful for the new Eagle.</li> <li>Request letters of commendation or point the Eagle's family and Unit volunteers to help make requests.</li> <li>Be present at the Court of Honor and participate in any roles scripted or otherwise assigned to you.</li> <li>Ensure Eagle Award and other elements such as the Eagle neckerchief, parent &amp; mentor pins, etc. are on-site for the ceremony.</li> <li>Have fun and celebrate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Script an appropriate Court of Honor ceremony and ensure all roles are assigned in advance.</li> <li>Secure any guest speakers or other dignitaries in advance.</li> <li>Manage advanced communications about proceedings with the unit, and prepare written bulletins or other guides for the .</li> <li>Ensure all ceremonial elements such as flags, candles, etc. are on-site for the event.</li> <li>Manage duty roster for food, setup, cleanup and communicate to the unit in advance.</li> <li>Have fun and celebrate.</li> </ul>			

Once the notification from Council has been received that National approved the ESRA and the Eagle awards are ready for pickup from the Council service center, a Court of Honor should be planned as soon as feasible for the new Eagle Scout. Earning Eagle Scout is likely the most significant moment in a Scout's life to date, and will follow each Scout for the rest of his/her lifetime. It is important for the Unit to honor this achievement in a way that is both fun and respectful of the accomplishment. The more a Court of Honor can be youth-planned-and-led, the more meaningful and inspiring it can be for the Eagle, whose unit helped along the

journey, and for future Eagles to aspire to the rank. There is no set format for an Eagle Court of Honor, but Unit policies and traditions may be followed. There are many fine examples that can be researched and used, or a ceremony can be designed from scratch. It is highly recommended that at a minimum, the new Eagle's immediate family be involved in the planning and be present for the ceremony, and that the Eagle Challenge, Reaffirmation Charge, and Eagle Pledge be included in the ceremony, administered by a fellow Eagle Scout and joined by all Eagles in attendance.

More guidance, including wording for the Challenge, Reaffirmation Charge, and Oaths may be found at <a href="https://troopresources.scouting.org/eagle-courts-of-honor/">https://troopresources.scouting.org/eagle-courts-of-honor/</a>.



### **RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities presented here only address tasks related to Eagle Scout rank advancement assigned to each organization at their respective level. The details of these responsibilities are presented in previous sections of this document.

### **Unit Responsibilities**

- Mandatory: Report advancement accomplishments using Scoutbook or Internet Advancement 2.0 to comply with Council verification and Journey to Excellence responsibilities.
- Maintain adequate advancement records (i.e., merit badge blue cards, advancement reports, etc.) and provide requested documentation to the Council if information provided on the Eagle Scout Rank Application (ESRA) is incomplete or is in question.
- For Scouts with disabilities (Special Needs)
  - For a Scout that wishes to apply for Registration Beyond the Age of Eligibility, assist the family in gathering the material needed for an application. (A Special Needs Information Sheet <a href="http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/SpecialNeedsInformationSheet.pdf">http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/SpecialNeedsInformationSheet.pdf</a> is available to assist with the petition.)
  - Submit requests for alternate Eagle Scout Merit Badges (using the <u>Application for Alternative Eagle Scout Rank Merit Badges</u>, No. 512-730) to the Council Advancement and Recognition Committee (ARC). The approved application is subsequently attached to the ESRA.
- Train an adult Unit Eagle Advisor who can provide guidance to the Scout to complete the ESRA and Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook.
- Assist the Scout in obtaining an Eagle Advisor and help Scouts understand why it is in their best interests to obtain an Eagle Advisor.
- Obtain the list of references from the ESRA, contact the individuals for a letter of reference concerning the Scout, and assign an adult Unit member to receive and hold the unopened responses for the Eagle Scout Board of Review. This person also makes follow-up contact with references who have not returned letters in a timely manner.
- Ensure the Scout has met all requirements for the ESRA and conduct the Unit Leader Conference.
- Ensure the Eagle Project is reported in the unit's Journey to Excellence Service project website.
- Verification Per <u>Verification Review</u>, ensure the Scout's completed, signed ESRA (front and back) is forwarded to the Council Service Center for verification prior to the Eagle Scout Board of Review.

- Board of Review If permitted by District policy, conduct Eagle Scout Board of Review with District representation, after receiving verification approval from the Council Service Center.
- Submission to Council Service Center Following a successful Board of Review, submit the signed ESRA and Unit Advancement Report to the Council Service Center. The adults at the Board of Review are responsible for identifying the unit or district leader who will submit these documents to Council. Under NO circumstances should the Scout or his/her parents be involved with submitting the ESRA to the Council Service Center. This is a unit or district, not a Scout or parent, responsibility.
- Provide the opportunity for a Court of Honor.
- Obtain letters of recognition.

### **District Responsibilities**

- Provide advice and guidance to Scouts and Scouters concerning the Life-to-Eagle processes.
- Plan and conduct Life-to-Eagle Seminars for Scouts and Scouters or inform Scouts and Scouters of Life-to-Eagle Seminars in neighboring Districts.
- Approve Eagle Coaches that assist Life Scouts working on Eagle Service projects.
- Training Upon request, train Unit Eagle Advisors and unit advancement coordinators or chairs
- **Communication** Keep Units informed of significant changes in Life-to-Eagle processes.
- Submission to Council Service Center Following a successful Board of Review, ensure the signed ESRA and Unit Advancement Report are submitted to the Council Service Center. The adults at the Board of Review are responsible for identifying the unit or district leader who will submit these documents to Council. Under NO circumstances should the Scout or his/her parents be involved with submitting the ESRA to the Council Service Center. This is a unit or district, not a Scout or parent, responsibility.
- Board of Review Participate in all Unit-level Eagle Boards of Review for Districts that
  have delegated the responsibilities for conducting the Eagle Scout
  Board of Review to the Unit-level. Schedule and conduct District-level Eagle Boards of
  Review if so-dictated by District policy or where a Unit has requested one after receiving
  verification approval from the Council Service Center. An approved representative of
  the District ARC must be included as a member of any Board of Review and sign
  the appropriate block of the ESRA following a successful review.



- Appeals Consider and act upon appeals from Eagle Scout candidates, parents/guardians, or units concerning the ESRA and/or Eagle Scout Board of Review.
   A District Appeals Panel is convened to consider appeals. (For further guidance on this, see the appropriate section of the *GTA*.)
- Board of Review Under Disputed Circumstances Convene a Board of Review Under Disputed Circumstances as determined by circumstances outlined in the *GTA*.

### **Council Responsibilities**

- **Guide Development** Develop, maintain, and distribute this Council Life-to-Eagle Scout Procedures Guide for use by Scouts and Scouters.
- Special Needs Address any Unit's request for an alternative Eagle Scout Merit Badge within the Council ARC.
- Review and approve the project proposal portion of the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook and confirm the required signatures are present, prior to the Scout conducting the project.
- **Eagle Package Verification** Review the accuracy and completeness of the ESRA before informing the unit or District to schedule a Board of Review for the Candidate.
- ESRA Processing Process completed ESRAs through the National Service Center following a successful Board of Review. This includes follow-up to ensure timely return from the BSA.
- Log Maintain a log of all ESRAs being processed through the office.
- Appeals Consider and act upon appeals from Eagle Scout candidates, parents/guardians, or units concerning the ESRA and/or Eagle Scout Board of Review. A Council Appeals Panel is convened to consider appeals from the district. (For further guidance on this, see GTA 8.0.4.2.)
- **Time Extensions** Act on requests for a time extension to earn the Eagle Scout Rank. (For further guidance on this, see *GTA* 9.0.4.0. and <u>attachment E</u>.)
- Registration Beyond the Age of Eligibility Review and, if warranted, approve Scouts for registration beyond the age of eligibility based on permanent disabilities or situations beyond the control of the Scout. (For further guidance on this, see *GTA* 10.0.0.0.)
- **Posthumous Boards** Conduct posthumous Eagle Scout Boards of Review upon request from the Unit, District, or National office depending on the circumstances. (For further guidance on this, see *GTA* 5.0.7.0.)
- Alternative Advancement Review and, if warranted, approve requests for alternative advancement requirements (through First Class) and for alternative merit badges for Scouts with special needs. (For further guidance on this, see GTA 10.2.2.1.)



 Appeals - When required, forward appeals and requests for extensions to the National Advancement Team.

### REFERENCE RESOURCES

BSA publications are updated frequently, and the most current versions of these documents should be used for reference. This document will be revised when newer versions of these references include significant changes. While every effort will be made to rapidly disseminate new Eagle policies and procedures through notifications, training, publications, the Internet, appropriate committees, and Roundtables, individual Scouts and Scouters are responsible for finding and following the policies in the most current BSA publications.

- 1. Colonial Virginia Council Website, https://www.cvcboyscouts.org/
- 2. Scouts BSA Requirements, <u>3321621-Scouts-BSA-RankRequirements\_FPO1v2.pdf</u> (<u>scouting.org</u>)
- 3. Scouts BSA Handbook for Boys, 14th Edition, No. 655930
- 4. Scouts BSA Handbook for Girls, 14th Edition, No. 655933
- 5. Application for Merit Badge, No. 34124A (a.k.a. merit badge blue card)
- 6. Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook, No. 2021c
- 7. Navigating the Eagle Scout Service Project: Information for Project Beneficiaries, No. 510-025
- 8. Eagle Scout Rank Application 2020, No. 512-728
- 9. Guide to Safe Scouting, No. 34416 (Guide to Safe Scouting | Boy Scouts of America)
- 10. Service Project Planning Checklist, No. 680-027 (680-027.pdf (scouting.org))
- 11. SAFE Project Tool Use, No. 680-028 (680-028.pdf (scouting.org)
- 12. Guide to Advancement 2021, No. 33088
- 13. Troop Leader Guidebook, Volume 1 (647785) and Volume 2 (654457)
- 14. Scoutbook or Internet Advancement 2.0
- 15. Special Needs and Disabilities Serving Scouts with Disabilities see www.scouting.org/programs/scouts-bsa/disabilities-awareness/
- 16. Application for Alternative Eagle Scout Rank Merit Badges, No. 512-730
- 17. Request for Registration Beyond the Age of Eligibility, <u>512-935 WB.pdf</u> (<u>scouting.org</u>)
- 18. Request for Extension of Time to Earn Eagle Scout Rank, No. 512-077 19. Introduction to Working with Scouts with Special Needs and Disabilities, No. 510-071, 510-071.pdf (scouting.org)
- 20. Boy Scouts of America, Individual Scout Advancement Plan (ISAP), https://filestore.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/512-936 WB.pdf



### APPENDIX A – SUPPORTING LIFE SCOUTS WORKING EAGLE PROJECTS

To assist Scouts along their Eagle Trail, multiple volunteers will often play a supporting role. Among the volunteers that can help a Life Scout, one could encounter the following:

- Council Project Approval Representative Approves the Eagle Scout Service Project on behalf of the Council
- 2. **Council Service Center Representative** reviews the ESRA on behalf of the Council and signs when complete and accurate. Notifies Unit or District resources as appropriate when Candidate is approved for a Board of Review.
- 3. **Eagle Advisor** A unit position assisting a Life Scout (see table below).
- 4. **Eagle Scout Service Project Coach** A District position (see table below).
- 5. **Eagle Mentor** A person the youth chooses who has helped the Scout along their path and, as such, cannot be assigned or designated by anyone else. Mentors are normally recognized during the Eagle Court of Honor.

BSA recognizes two adult leadership positions: The <u>Eagle Advisor</u> and the <u>Eagle Scout Service Project Coach</u>. As defined by the BSA, the Advisor and Project Coach are two separate positions with distinct roles, responsibilities, and qualifications. It is possible and allowable for a single adult to fulfill both roles simultaneously for the same Scout, depending on the nature of the Eagle Scout Service Project. Most scouts will benefit from the collaborative support an Eagle Advisor and/or Project Coach can provide. It is the Scout's decision to work with an Eagle Advisor, a Project Coach, both or neither. It is the individual unit's responsibility to ensure that all Eagle Advisors and Project Coaches are properly trained and registered for their respective position. A comparison of responsibilities and expectations of both positions is in the following table. (BSA Form 512-069)

	Unit Life to Eagle Advisor	Eagle Scout Service Project Coach
Term (Time Period)	Entire Life-to-Eagle process	From proposal approval through project report
Focus	Successful achievement of the Eagle Scout rank	Successful fulfillment of Eagle Scout rank requirement 5
Appointment	By the unit or District	Approval delegated by Council to the District
Relationship	Longer-term	Shorter-term
Approach	Mentoring in general	Coaching and consulting on the project

1. The role of the Eagle Scout Advisor is to assist the Scout with navigating the entire Life to Eagle process. In this regard, units should take care in selecting and appointing leaders who possess a broad knowledge of the Eagle Scout

Advancement Requirements including District and Council specific administrative procedures.



2. The role of the Eagle Scout Service Project Coach is to assist Scouts with planning and executing their service projects. An Eagle Scout Service Project Coach is a registered BSA adult with current YPT and has subject-matter expertise to help a youth with the final planning of their project, but not with the entire Life-to-Eagle journey. The Eagle Coach must understand the processes and standards of the service project. For example, a carpenter might be an Eagle Coach for a youth building an ADA-compliant ramp into a building. Assistance can come through evaluating a plan and discussing its strengths, weaknesses, and risks. Units should take care in selecting and nominating Project Coaches who possess the unique skill set required by the Scout.

Both the Eagle Scout Advisor and Eagle Scout Service Project Coach are required to be registered with the Boy Scouts of America in any adult position and be current in BSA Youth Protection training. Eagle Scout Service Project Coaches are nominated by the unit and approved by the District. This requires submission and approval of the Eagle Scouts Service Project Coach Application (BSA Form 512069)

(<a href="http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/512-069.pdf">http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/512-069.pdf</a>). A Scout may not list an adult as their Project Coach on the Eagle Scout Service Project Proposal until the Project Coach

3. Before meeting with a Scout, the Eagle Advisor should complete the following:

Application has been approved by District.

- a. Read the current version of the Council Life-to-Eagle Scout Procedures Guide
- b. Read *GTA* 8.0.3.0 through 8.0.3.2, 9.0.0.0 through 9.0.4.1; and 10.2.2.0 through 10.2.2.4.
- 4. Normally, the first meeting between a Scout and the Eagle Advisor occurs shortly after the young person makes Life Scout or when the Scout starts thinking about project ideas.
- 5. Eagle Advisors should work with their Life Scouts and meet periodically to discuss the Scout's progress towards meeting all Eagle Scout Advancement requirements. Areas for discussion should include the following:
  - a. Merit badges the Scout has completed, those the young person is working on and any that must be started. Remind Scouts that they may continue to work on merit badges while working on their Eagle project.
  - b. Make sure that the Scout has enough time before turning 18 to complete all remaining merit badges and their position of responsibility within the Troop.
  - Remind the Scout that the Eagle Rank requires that a youth serve in an approved position of responsibility for a period of 6 months while a Life Scout.
  - d. Ask if the Scout has any ideas about a possible Eagle Scout Service
     Project. Ensure that the Scout understands the requirements of the Eagle



Scout Service Project and the required use of the current version of the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook, BSA publication No. 512-927, in meeting this requirement. If the Scout does not have a project idea, the Advisor may suggest areas to explore (e.g., community bulletin board, religious institution, school guidance office, local newspaper). However, Eagle Advisors may not secure a project for a Scout.

- e. Advise the Scout about the importance of keeping a personal time log that shows time spent discussing, planning, developing and executing the project in accordance with the <a href="Iracking Hours">Iracking Hours</a> of this guide and that it is reported on the ESRA and the Journey To Excellence Service Project Website.
- f. Advise the Scout that the project must be the Scout's own work. It may not be the work of another Scout or Adult.
- g. Advise the Scout that it may take several weeks or even months to identify a project and develop the Project Proposal. Proposal development is an iterative process. Make sure the Scout understands this concept.
- h. Advise the Scout that it is OK to make initial contact with the benefiting organization to discuss project possibilities, but the Scout should not make any promises regarding project scope until speaking with the Eagle Advisor and Unit Leader.
- Review the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook with the Scout. Ensure the Scout understands that the proposal must pass the five tests of an acceptable Eagle Scout Service Project listed on Page A of the Proposal workbook.
- j. Advise the Scout that, before beginning to enter information in the Workbook, the Scout and their parents or guardian must read the entire Workbook, paying special attention to the "Message to Scouts and Parents or Guardians".
- k. Advise the Scout about allowing plenty of time for proper planning, scheduling, and organizing the project.
- I. Explain the proposal review and approval process.
- m. When the Scout has selected a project, the Eagle Scout Advisor or Unit Leader shall work with the Scout to determine if a Project Coach is recommended or desired. If so, the Eagle Advisor or Unit Leader will identify a qualified adult to assist the Scout.
- n. The Eagle Advisor will aid the Scout in identifying the points of contact and associated information required to complete the Contact Information section on page B of the Eagle Scout Service Project proposal including:



- Unit Leader, Unit Committee Chair, Unit Advancement Coordinator, Council Service Center, Council or District Project Approval Representative, Project Coach.
- o. The Eagle Advisor should support the Scout as the youth develops the project proposal and works to receive each of the four required signatures.
- p. Because the Project Plan is neither approved nor signed, the Eagle Advisor or Project Coach should meet with the Scout to review the recommendations the Scout received from the Council Project Approval Representative and provide suggestions. The Eagle Advisor or Project Coach should also encourage the Scout to share the final project plan with him/her.
- q. This is very likely the first major project the Scout has ever attempted, and an experienced Eagle Advisor or Project Coach often can help a Scout identify gaps and problems that might otherwise go undetected until it's too late to take effective corrective action. Be proactive and ask the Scout to show you a draft of their Project Plan.
- 6. As indicated in the BSA guide: "Navigating the Eagle Scout Service Project: Information for Project Beneficiaries", Scouts must share their Project Plan with the benefiting organization so they can confirm it meets their expectations. The Project Proposal the benefiting organization approved was "merely an overview," and there may be details in the Project Plan that they consider to be critical for the success of the project. If their review identifies significant problems, the benefiting organization may require improvements before work begins.



### APPENDIX B – GUIDANCE FOR PROJECT APPROVAL REPRESENTATIVES

KEY FOCUS ITEMS						
LIFE SCOUT	PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	UNIT LEADER	COUNCIL REPRESENTATIVE			
<ul> <li>After Unit Leader,</li> <li>Committee member and Project</li> <li>Beneficiary has signed the Eagle</li> <li>Scout Service Project proposal,</li> <li>contact Council to request approval of your proposal.</li> <li>Contact may be made by any means according to Youth</li> <li>Protection procedures.</li> <li>Take notes during meetings with Council or District representatives assigned to your proposal.</li> </ul>	- Provide the Scout with guidance, advice and support while allowing the Scout to make decisions and lead the effort.	- Serve as a resource for the Scout. Answer questions or obtain guidance from the District ARC Review Project Proposal for accuracy and completeness.	<ul> <li>Perform the final verification of a candidate's proposal prior to authorizing it to proceed. Your attention to detail in ensuring it fully meets the requirement and the key tests set out in the <i>Guide to Advancement</i>, without adding requirements, is critical to maintaining a quality program.</li> <li>Serve as a resource for the Scout and Unit leaders on project planning, execution, safety, and adherence to the requirements. Answer questions or obtain guidance from the Council ARC.</li> <li>Review and approve Eagle Scout Service Project proposal or return to the scout for additional work.</li> <li>Any contact with the Scout must be conducted according to Youth Protection procedures.</li> </ul>			

This guidance is to assist Project Approval Representatives in guiding Life Scouts through the Eagle Scout Service Project process.

The Council Project Approval Representative is a member of the Council and/or District Advancement and Recognition Committee (ARC). These Committees implement processes that help achieve BSA's advancement program. Major tasks that the Project Approval Representative perform are.

- a. Review and approve Eagle Scout Service Project proposals submitted by Scouts.
- b. Advise unit leaders about the Life to Eagle process, methods for conducting boards of review and conducting courts of honor.



### **Eagle Scout Service Project Proposal**

- 1. A Scout may make contact through email or telephone to request project approval. Be supportive and friendly. Determine if the Scout completed their project proposal using the current version (when planning began) of the Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook. Determine if the Scout has approval signatures from the project beneficiary, unit leader, and unit committee. If so, then an in-person meeting may be scheduled. You must require that a parent, guardian or another adult attend the meeting with the Scout to abide by Youth Protection Guidelines.
- 2. The meeting is between you and the Scout and if necessary, remind others in attendance to be good listeners. The project belongs to the Scout, and it is their responsibility.
- 3. Check the Project Proposal pages, confirm the Scout and approval signatures, and look at any other information the Scout may have provided (i.e., pictures, maps, drawings, etc.). If the project proposal meets the five tests of an acceptable Eagle Scout Service Project after your review and discussion with the Scout, sign and date the District approval (9.0.2.7 and Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook).
- 4. The workbook should not become a basis for rejecting Scouts based on technicalities that have nothing to do with the intent of the requirement (9.0.2.8).
- 5. Discuss with the Scout their completion of the Project Plan and Project Report. Remind the Scout that it is highly recommended and strongly encouraged the Scout completes the Project Plan. Should the Scout need advice and guidance direct the youth to talk with the unit's Eagle Advisor or request a Project Coach prior to carrying out the Eagle Scout Service Project.



# APPENDIX C -EAGLE SCOUT APPLICATION & BINDER VERIFICATION **CHECKLIST FOR SCOUTS & UNIT LEADERS**

Life S	Life Scout Troop / Crew / Ship				
(Please check the box once you know that an item has been addressed.) Scout Scoutmaster					
		Your original Eagle Scout Rank Application (2 pages). All information is typed and/or legible. <a href="https://www.scouting.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/512-72822c-Eagle-Scout-Application_WEB.pdf">https://www.scouting.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/512-72822c-Eagle-Scout-Application_WEB.pdf</a>			
		Use your "full legal name" (including middle). Do not use any initials. (If you do not have a middle name, please state that on a sticky note and place on your application.)			
		Full dates must be used where requested – month, day and year.			
		Date you joined Scouts BSA should be the date of your first troop meeting – not the date you earned your Scout Rank (unless it happens to be the same).			
		The dates for your 1st Class, Star and Life ranks must be your actual Board of Review dates, not the dates of your Courts of Honor.			
		There <b>must be</b> "at least four months" between First Class and Star rank.			
		There <b>must be</b> "at least six months" between Star and Life rank.			
		There <b>must be</b> "at least six months" between Life rank and Eagle Board of Review.			
		The four "required" merit badges you earned for your Star rank, and the three "required" merit ges you earned for your Life rank, <b>must</b> be among the twenty-one badges you list on your lication.			
		No merit badges should have a date earlier than your joining date.			
		Make sure you fill in the unit number where you earned each merit badge			
		For merit badge numbers 8, 9 and 11, cross out the badges not used.			
		All required merit badges for Eagle have been earned BEFORE the candidates 18th birthday.			
	□ Life	You must have served six months in (one or more) position(s) of responsibility <b>since</b> earning your rank.			
		Unit Leader Conference for requirement #6 of Eagle application was held after all completed requirements and <b>BEFORE the candidates 18</b> <sup>th</sup> <b>birthday.</b>			



(Please check the box once you know that an item has been addressed.) Scout Scoutmaster					
		Make sure to obtain all required signatures on the back of your application – your own, your unit leader, and unit committee chair.			

legible:

positions held in your religious institution, school, camp, community, or other organizations. Include honors and awards received during this service.

The Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook – ALL 3 Parts.
The following "Service Project information" is included in your finished binder, typed and/or

A statement of your ambitions and life purposes has been attached **and** a listing of leadership

- o Your **original signed and approved**, "Eagle Scout Service Project Proposal" (title page with your full legal name/the name of your project and Proposal Pages A through E) from the official <u>Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook</u>, No. 512-927 January 2021 or most recent version, as produced by the Boy Scouts of America, and any photos or information accompanying the proposal. <u>Project approval and completion of project was done BEFORE the candidate's 18th birthday</u>.
- o Your completed "Eagle Scout Service Project Plan" (title page with your name/project name/planned start date/ planned completion date and Project Plan Pages A through E) from the official <u>Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook</u>, No. 512-927 January 2021. In completing this plan, it will prove to your Eagle Scout board of review that your planning was sufficient for an Eagle Scout service project. The board of review may not recommend you for Eagle Scout rank if you cannot show that you engaged in sufficient planning for the project. A completed "Project Plan" is an easily reviewed record of your planning that you can show your board of review.
- o Your **completed and signed** "Eagle Scout Service Project Fundraising Application" if applicable, (Fundraising Application Page A) from the official Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook.
- o Your **completed and signed** "Eagle Scout Service Project Report" (title page with your name/project name/project start date/project completion date and Project Report Pages A through C) from the official <u>Eagle Scout Service Project Workbook</u>, No. 512-927 January 2021 or most recent version, and any information or photos that go with it.

Turn completed Eagle Scout Binder, (Eagle Scout Rank Application and Workbook), into the Colonial Virginia Council Scout Shop/Office for review and approval.



# APPENDIX D – EAGLE SCOUT APPLICATION & BINDER VERIFICATION CHECKLIST FOR COUNCIL SERVICE CENTER

- The Scout completes, signs, and submits the ESRA along with supporting documentation to the Scout's unit leader. The unit reviews the ESRA and supporting documentation for accuracy and completeness. The Scout or the unit submits the ESRA along with the Scoutbook Scouts BSA History Report Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary Report for an individual Scout to the Council Service Center.
- 2. A designated representative from Council completes the Verification Review. Great care should be taken to identify issues, errors, or questionable items. A thorough review at the Verification stage (We strongly encourage the use of the Checklist in Attachment C) can avoid awkward or embarrassing situations that might arise later. If there are issues with an ESRA, the Council representative returns it to the unit for resolution and resubmission.
- 3. Once the ESRA is accurate and complete, the Council representative signs and dates the ESRA on the line marked "BSA Local Council Verification," then notifies the unit or District ARC Chair that the ESRA has been verified and the unit has approval to schedule a Board of Review for the Scout.

(Numbers in parenthesis at the end of a step refer to the Notes on the next page)

All information on ESRA legible and uses the most recent edition. (See bottom right corner for printing date.")
Scoutbook Scouts BSA History Report or Internet Advancement 2.0 Unit Advancement Summary Report for an Individual Scout is included and matches the information on the application.
Applicant's full, legal name spelled correctly and legible (use upper and lower case letters) – use middle initial for middle name only if space is limited. Use standard name suffixes (e.g. Jr, III, etc).
<ul> <li>Name repeated exactly at the top of the second page.</li> </ul>
Applicant's address - ONLY use abbreviations recognized by USPS
Unit type, local number, location has NO ABBREVIATIONS (except state)
All dates entered as MMDDYY. All date blocks fill in, including zeros.



Dates of entry into Scouts BSA and Venturing (as applicable), and for First Class, Star, and Life Scout Boards of Review (1) are included and correct.
Youth can be Scouts if they have completed the fifth grade and are at least 10 years old OR have earned the Arrow of Light Award and are at least 10 years old, OR are age 11 but have not reached age 18.
Note: For public school students, BSA considers June 1 <sup>st</sup> as the date a Scout completes their current grade and advances to the next grade.
Date of First Class BoR entered and matches date in IA 2.0 or SB.
At least four months between First Class and Star Scout Board of Review dates
Date of Star BoR entered and matches date in IA 2.0 or SB.
At least six months between Star Scout and Life Scout Board of Review dates.
At least six months between Life Scout and Eagle Scout Board of Review dates. ESRA should NOT be accepted < 6 months since Life BOR date.
Date of birth and verify age

Requirement 1	<ul><li>Active in</li></ul>	n Troop/Crew
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Date of Life Scout Board of Review entered and matches date in IA 2.0 or SB.

At least six months between Life Board of Review and date application is signed.

### Requirement 2 – Letters of Recommendation

Six (6) references are provided (five (5) if not employed) with **complete** contact information.

- Parent recommendation information filled in.
- Religious recommendation information filled in. (Note: If the Scout does not belong to an organized religion, this may be a parent.)
- Educational recommendation filled in. (Note: If the Scout is home schooled, this may be a parent.)
- If employed, then the Employer recommendation information filled in. Otherwise, N/A is entered.
- Contact information for two other references is provided.

### Requirement 3 – Merit Badges



Verify 21 merit badges have been earned. Month, day, and year listed for each merit badge and all ranks must agree with appropriate documentation (1) Verify all merit badge dates come after the "Date joined Scouts BSA." • All dates are before the Scout's 18<sup>th</sup> birthday (unless the Scout has an approved extension, in which case all dates must be before the end date of the extension). No date is after the date on which the Scout signed the ESRA. For Merit Badges where 2-3 options are provided, the badges NOT earned/used for this slot are crossed out. Elective merit badges should be listed with no repeats of the Eagle-required merit badges. Unit numbers are filled in for all merit badges If Emergency Preparedness MB is listed as required or elective MB, ensure the date entered is not earlier than the date of the First Aid MB (#9). Any four required merit badges and a total of six merit badges earned prior to Star Scout Board of Review. (1) (3) Any seven required merit badges and a total of eleven merit badges earned prior to Life Scout Board of Review. (1) (3) Requirement 4 – Position of Responsibility Date of the Life Board of Review entered on page 2 and matches the Life BoR date on page one. Position name(s) matches ESRA list. If registered in more than one program at any time, ensure position name is preceded by the program name (Troop, Crew, Ship) in which position was held (e.g., Troop Webmaster, Crew Historian, etc.) Start dates do not precede the date of the Life Board of Review and end dates are before the Scout's 18<sup>th</sup> birthday or the approved extension date, and the date the Scout signed the ESRA. Position(s) of responsibility served for a minimum of six months after Life Scout Board of Review date. If two positions are listed and there is no time gap between them, then use the earliest "From" date and the latest "To" date. Requirement 5 – Eagle Scout Service Project Project name entered. Date of project completion entered. Date is after the Life BoR date. • Date is before or on the date the Scout signed the ESRA and before the Scout's 18<sup>th</sup> birthday or approved extension date.



	Hours (rounded to the nearest whole number) entered.		
Requi	rement 6 – Unit Leader Conference		
	<ul> <li>Date of unit leader conference entered.</li> <li>Date is after the Life Board of Review date.</li> <li>Unit leader conference date is before or on the date the Scout signed the ESRA and prior to the Scout's 18<sup>th</sup> birthday or approved extension date.</li> </ul>		
Certif	ication By Applicant		
	Signed by the Scout.		
	Date entered. Date must be AFTER all requirements are completed Except Requirement 7 – Board of Review.		
	<ul> <li>Unit Approval</li> <li>Unit Leader's signature and date</li> <li>Unit Committee Chair's signature and date.</li> <li>Dates are not before the Applicant's Certification Date.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Council Approval</li> <li>Designated representative from Council reviews ESRA for accuracy and completeness.</li> <li>Once complete, representative then signs and dates the ESRA on the line for "BSA Local Council Verification."</li> </ul>		

#### Notes:

- (1) Confirm that all dates agree with appropriate records. Ensure that, for the required merit badges, either Lifesaving or Emergency Preparedness is crossed out; that Environmental Science or Sustainability is crossed out; and that Cycling, Swimming, or Hiking has 2 of the 3 crossed out.
- (2) If the Eagle Scout Board of Review does not take place prior to the candidate's 18th birthday, all requirements must have been completed prior to their 18th birthday, (including the Unit Leader Conference and project completion).
  - If the Eagle Board of Review is scheduled within 24 months following the Scout's
  - 18<sup>th</sup> birthday, a waiver or additional paperwork is not required. (*GTA* 8.0.3.1(1))
- (3) For the rank of Eagle, a candidate must choose between required merit badges Emergency Preparedness and Lifesaving, Environmental Science and



Sustainability, and Cycling, Swimming and Hiking when filling out the ESRA. This does not apply for Star and Life ranks; for example, Swimming and Hiking can cover two required merit badges when applied towards Star and Life. On the ESRA, those merit badges not chosen for "Eagle-required" would be listed as electives.

In sum, the total number (11) of merit badges needed for the Star (6) and Life (5) ranks can be satisfied completely with Eagle required merit badges (elective merit badges are not necessary).

(4) For Special Needs Scouts that have been identified through appropriate District and Council Special Needs procedures, Districts should contact the Council Service Center for verification guidance.



# APPENDIX E – COUNCIL SAMPLE REQUEST FOR A LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION

NOTE – Before sending, personalize this template for the specific Scout, typing in the Scout's name and deleting the pronouns that do not reflect the Scout's gender.

MM DD, 20YY

Dear Mr. Smith,

Eagle Scout Candidate Bob (or Roberta) Jones has selected you to provide a letter of recommendation on his [her] behalf. This recommendation will be used by [Troop | Crew | Ship] XX at [his | her] Eagle Scout Board of Review. This letter should be based on your personal interaction with the Scout and take into consideration your observance of how [he | she] exemplifies the points of the Scout Oath and Scout Law in [his | her] daily life listed on the following page.

You may use the attached form or a personal letter to write the recommendation. If you need more space than is provided, you may attach additional pages. Please return your recommendation to the Troop via postal mail by MM DD 20YY. The letter must not be given to the Scout. Please note that the contents of the letter will not be shown to or discussed with the candidate, nor with anyone not a member of the Eagle Scout Board of Review.

Thank you for taking the time to write this letter.

Sincerely,

[Troop | Crew | Ship] XX Advancement Chair





# The Scout Oath

On my Honor, I will do my best To do my duty to God and my country and to obey the Scout Law; To help other people at all times; To keep myself physically strong, mentally awake, and morally straight.



### The Scout Law

#### A Scout is:

**TRUSTWORTHY**. A Scout tells the truth. Scouts keep their promises. Honesty is a part of their code of conduct. People can always depend on a Scout.

LOYAL. A Scout is true to family, friends, Scout leaders, school, nation, and world community.

**HELPFUL**. A Scout is concerned about other people. A Scout willingly volunteers to help others without expecting payment or reward.

**FRIENDLY**. A Scout is a friend to all and sibling to other Scouts. A Scout seeks to understand others. A Scout respects those with ideas and customs that are different from their own.

**COURTEOUS**. A Scout is polite to everyone regardless of age or position. A Scout knows that good manners make it easier for people to get along together.

**KIND**. A Scout understands there is strength in being gentle. A Scout treats others as the Scout wants to be treated. A Scout does not harm or kill anything without reason.

**OBEDIENT.** A Scout follows the rules of the family, school, and troop. A Scout obeys the laws of the community and country. If a Scout thinks these rules and laws are unfair, the Scout tries to have them changed in an orderly manner rather than disobey them.

**CHEERFUL.** A Scout looks for the bright side of life. A Scout cheerfully does tasks that come along and tries to make others happy.

**THRIFTY.** A Scout works to pay their way and to help others. A Scout saves for the future. A Scout protects and conserves natural resources and carefully uses time and property.

**BRAVE.** A Scout can face danger even if afraid. A Scout has the courage to stand for what is right even if others laugh at or make threats.

**CLEAN.** A Scout keeps their body and mind fit and clean. A Scout goes around with those who believe in living by these same ideals. Scouts help keep their home and community clean.

**REVERENT.** A Scout is reverent toward God. A Scout is faithful in all religious duties. A Scout respects the beliefs of others.



# Eagle Scout Letter of Recommendation

Eagle Scout candidates must demonstrate they live by the principles of the Scout Oath and Law in their daily life. In this regard, the candidate indicated that you know [him] [her] personally, and that you would be willing to provide a letter of recommendation.

Eagle Scout Candidate's Name:	
Your relationship:	
Your relationship: Length of time you have known the candidate:	
Dear Members of the Eagle Board of Review,	



☐ See additional attached pages			
My Name	—— Date		Telephone
Signature		E-Mail	



### **APPENDIX F - TIME EXTENSIONS**

This section of the Eagle Scout Procedures Guide (ESPG) is intended to provide insight into the purpose, process and mechanics associated with the provision offered by National to Scouts who are running out of time to earn Eagle but feel strongly that the reason is something beyond their control and 'not their fault'. *GTA* 9.0.4.0 addresses "Time Extensions", and the "Requests for Extension of Time to Earn Eagle" Form.

Scouts that foresee that, due to no fault or choice of his or her own, it will be impossible to complete the Eagle Scout rank requirements before age 18 (or age 21 for the Summit and Quartermaster ranks) may apply to Council for a limited time extension. Limited time extensions should be granted only when necessary and are reserved only for work on Eagle. When a time extension is requested, the Scout should continue working on the requirements until a final decision is delivered.

A request for an extension must meet three tests:

- The member joined or rejoined (or became active again after a period of inactivity or became refocused on advancement after a period of inattention) in time to complete all the requirements before turning 18.
- Through no fault or choice of the Scout, an unforeseen circumstance or lifechanging event with severe consequences has come to exist that now precludes completion of the requirements.
- The circumstance is beyond the control of the Scout, could not have been anticipated or planned for, and was not or cannot be resolved in time to complete the requirements.

### Requesting an Extension:

- 1. Scout, parent or guardian, unit leader or unit committee member completes the "Request for Extension of Time" form (*GTA* 11.2.0.0) and sends it via an email, letter or in person to the District Advancement Chair, District Executive or Council ARC Chair copying the Unit Committee Chair and/or Unit Advancement Chair. (In the event he/she is not known to the Scout/family, send the email to the District Advancement Chair, District Executive and Unit Leader. One or more will know how to reach the right person at Council and ensure key District folks are 'in-the-know'.) It is important to provide as much detail as possible regarding the circumstances that caused the delay in advancement and the length of time the Scout needs, beyond the 18<sup>th</sup> birthday, to complete the requirements for Eagle (or Summit or Quartermaster). Extension applications that are missing key details take longer to process.
- The District ARC Chair will forward the email to the Council ARC Chair.



- 3. The Council ARC Chair will call the Scout/Family to explain the extension process, answer questions, gather contact info, and emphasize the importance of the Scout not waiting for an answer, but rather pressing forward to complete the remaining Eagle Requirements ASAP while the extension request is being processed and reviewed. Note: Council is limited by the *GTA* (9.0.4.1) to granting an extension of no more than six months beyond the Scout's 18<sup>th</sup> birthday. In situations where a Scout requests/needs more than a maximum six- month extension, Council will be forced to deny the request, which the Scout can then appeal to National.
- 4. Recommendations regarding straightforward requests for extension will be reviewed by the Council ARC chair and Council Program Director prior to a final decision.
- 5. For more complicated extension requests, the Council Advancement Chair forms an extension request team of Council ARC members to research the specifics of the extension request and prepare a recommendation for subsequent review by the Council ARC chair and Council Program Director.
- 6. Once the Council ARC Chair and Council Program Director have reached a decision, they will notify the Scout of the result in writing.

### **Appeals**

In the event Council's consideration results in a negative decision (or in instances where the Scout needs/requests more than six months beyond the 18<sup>th</sup> birthday to complete work on Eagle (or Summit or Quartermaster) rank requirements), the Scout may appeal the decision to National. To make an appeal to National, the Scout, parent or guardian must provide the Council ARC Chair with a statement explaining why the council's decision should be reversed and the extension granted.

The Council ARC Chair will work with the Scout, family and other members of the Council Advancement Committee to complete the "Appeal of Extension Request Denial" form (*GTA* 11.2.1.0), collect all the required supporting documentation and get the appeal package reviewed by the Council ARC Chair and the Council program staff.

When the appeal package is complete, the Council Program Director will arrange for its review and signature by the Scout Executive. At this point, the appeal package is sent to National. National will review the appeal package and provide a decision. National's decision is final.

### Things to keep in mind:

• Scout absolutely must 'press-on' with their pursuit of Eagle rank requirements, even if the Scout will turn 18 while the case is still being researched. Any hint of a relaxation of interest, could result in a negative outcome.



- Well-meaning interested parties should refrain from inquiring about the status of the
  case. Leave that to the Scout/family, and anyone they have designated to serve in that
  role. Some of these cases involve sensitive personal matters and the extension request
  team strives to honor Scout/family privacy as much as possible.
- While time is of the essence, there are reasons why cases could take some time to be resolved. Several factors can contribute to unfortunate 'processing' delays, some of which are offered below:
  - a. The limited pool of people who can serve on these case teams; per the *GTA*, all parties must be members of the Council ARC, all of whom are volunteers, and some may already be working on another extension request.
  - b. The reality that most members of the ARC have several other positions within Scouting, all of which are 'equally important', certainly to their constituents.
  - c. The availability of people who are considered to have insights/information that will help with the recommendation.
  - d. Difficulties in getting official information from Scoutbook or Internet Advancement 2.0; especially for Scouts who are in units that are less diligent in keeping Scoutbook or Internet Advancement 2.0 up to date.
  - e. Be patient. Extension request teams and others involved in the process DO want to get it right the first time.

